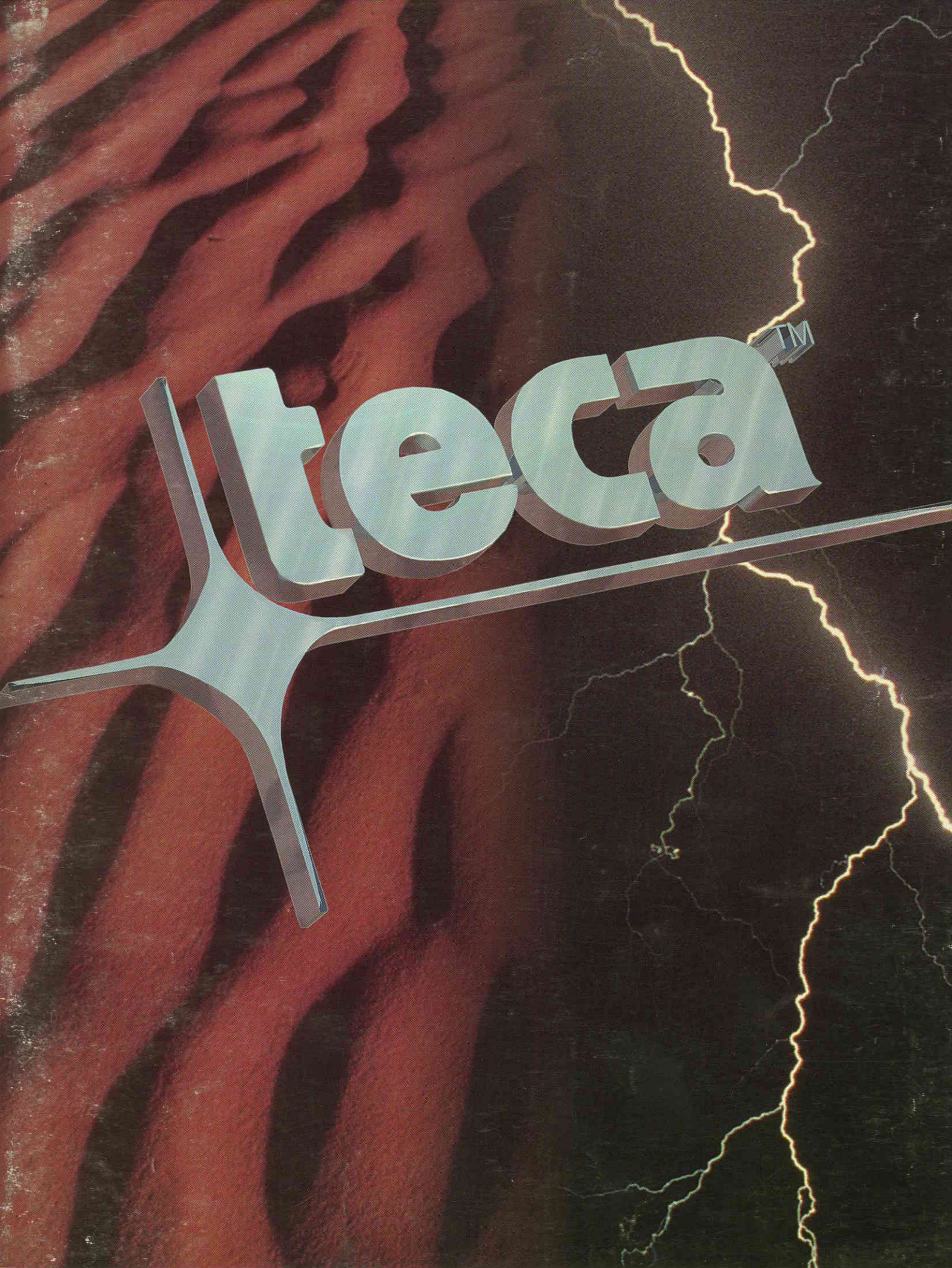






# **WORLD CLASS COOLING PRODUCTS CATALOG**

## **Leadership**

Teca pioneered the market of solid-state air conditioners for electronic enclosures. Products are available for harsh environments such as NEMA-4X as well as explosive (Class 1 Division 2) locations. We offer a full line of cooling products, from liquid cooled air conditioners, to cold plates and liquid chillers.

## **Design Solutions**

We have met the needs of the Original Equipment Market by offering complete engineering services, prototype development and custom built cooling equipment through an exclusive and confidential basis.

## **Reliability**

Since the cooling is based on solid-state technology, moving components that clog or wear out are not required. All products we build are environmentally safe, unlike conventional refrigeration methods which employ CFC's (chloroflourocarbons), corrosive liquids and gases.

Whatever your application—we can fulfill all of your cooling requirements. Our engineers may have already developed a similar solution. We are available to work with you to discuss your specifications. Together we will design and build a quality system that sets the standard in thermoelectric cooling. Call us at (773) 342-4900. We'll take it from there!



## **Total Quality Program**

Continuous in-line and final quality assurance inspections are implemented. This insures that all components, throughout the assembly process, provide 100% compliance for trouble free operation.



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## Model Number Code

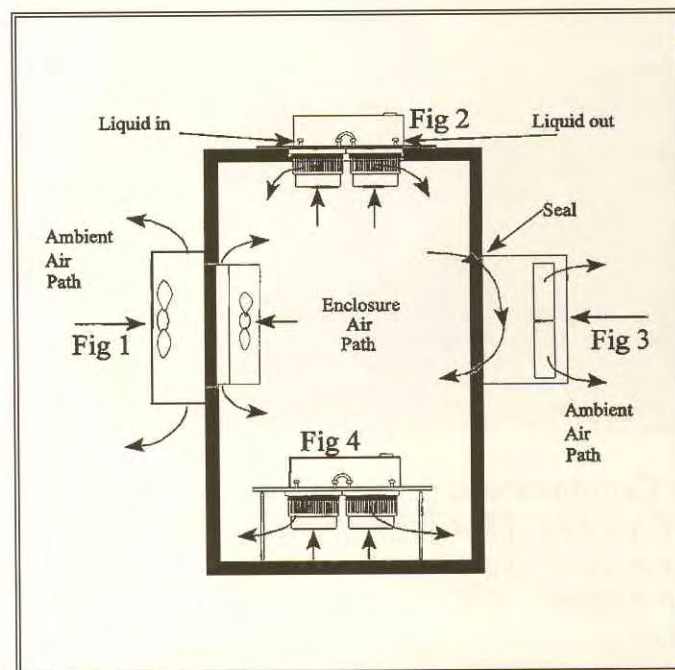
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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | H | P | - | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | X | M | H | C |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

| SERIES                                                                  | MODEL                      | TYPE                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| AHP . . . . . Air Cooled, Thru Mount                                    | Refer to table of contents | CP . . . . . Cold Plate                                |
| FHP . . . . . Air Cooled, Flush Mount                                   |                            | FF . . . . . Air Conditioner,<br>cold side fins & fans |
| LHP . . . . . Liquid Cooled, Thru Mount                                 |                            | X . . . . . Nema-4X                                    |
| ALC . . . . . Air Cooled Liquid Chiller                                 |                            | XM . . . . Nema-4X + Shock & Vibration                 |
| TLC . . . . . Air Cooled Liquid Chiller<br>supplied with pump/reservoir |                            | XP . . . . . Nema-4X + Explosion Proof                 |
|                                                                         |                            | HC . . . . . Heating + Cooling                         |

## Mounting Styles\*

\* Since there are no fluorocarbons, units can mount in any orientation.

|                                                           |      |                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|
| Figure 1                                                  | AHP- | Thru Mount     |
| Figure 2                                                  | LHP- | Thru Mount     |
| Figure 3                                                  | FHP- | Flush Mount    |
| Figure 4                                                  | LHP- | Internal Mount |
| (LHP series is adaptable to explosion proof applications) |      |                |



## Moisture Removal:

All FHP-Series and AHP-1400 air conditioners contain a built-in condensate removal system. TECA also offers drip pans on other models for enclosures containing high humidity or incomplete cabinet seals.

## DESIGN ENVIRONMENTS: (NEMA, Mil-Std, NEC, UL/CSA)

### NEMA Type

Source: NEMA Publication No. 250, Part 1, Page 1

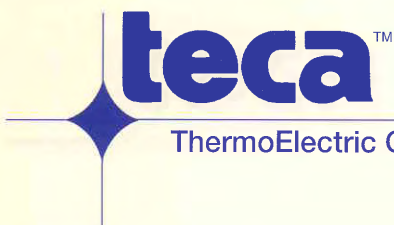
**Nema-12** Type 12 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt, and dripping noncorrosive liquids.

**Nema-4X** Type 4X enclosures are intended for indoor and outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against corrosion, windblown dust and rain, splashing water, and hose-directed water.

*TECA Products carrying the Nema-4X designation use Mil-Spec fans, o-ring sealed power supplies, no exposed electronic components, stud/gasketed mounting, and Mil-Spec finishes on exterior. They are designed to maintain enclosure rating and perform in the rated environment.*

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## Military Standards

|             |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mil-Std 810 | <b>Corrosion:</b> | (Salt Fog Testing) Method 509.2, 168 Hours, <i>Employed for all Nema-4X units</i>                                                                                                                        |
|             | <b>Vibration:</b> | Method 514.3, 2 hours, x,y,z axis 8.9 G's, 10-2000 Hz with a magnitude of 0.04 G <sup>2</sup> /Hz, <i>Employed for all XM- Versions, Standard models are designed to withstand 2.2 G's.</i>              |
|             | <b>Shock:</b>     | Method 516.2, with 30 G's peak amplitude, 11ms pulse duration, half-sine waveform, and three (3) shocks in each direction along three (3) mutually orthogonal axes, <i>Employed for all XM- Versions</i> |

## NEC

Source NEC 1993, Article 500, 70-466 to 70-471

|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CID2 | Class 1, Division 2 ( <b>Hazardous Environments</b> ) A Class I, Division 2 location is a location (1) in which volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases are handled, processed, or used, but in which the liquids, vapors, or gases will normally be confined within closed containers or closed systems from which they can escape only in case of accidental rupture or breakdown of such containers or systems, or in case of abnormal operation of equipment; or (2) in which ignitable concentrations of gases or vapors are normally prevented by positive mechanical ventilation, and which might become hazardous through failure or abnormal operation of the ventilating equipment; or (3) that is adjacent to a Class I, Division 1 location, and to which ignitable concentrations of gases or vapors might occasionally be communicated unless such communication is prevented by adequate positive-pressure ventilation from a source of clean air, and effective safeguards against ventilation failure are provided. |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Groups (A-D) | Atmospheres containing the following: acetylene, hydrogen, fuel and combustible process gases containing more than 30% hydrogen by volume, or gases or vapors of equivalent hazard such as butadiene, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, acrolein, ethyl ether, ethylene, or gases or vapors of equivalent hazard, acetone, ammonia, benzene, butane cyclopropane, ethanol, gasoline, hexane, methanol, methane, natural gas, naphtha, propane, or gases or vapors of equivalent hazard. |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

*Applies to models AHP- (1200XP, 1200XPHC, 1801XP, 1801XPHC)*

## UL/CSA Standards

|         |                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UL-1604 | Hazardous duty operation, Class I and II Division 2, Class III Div 1 and 2<br>Tested thru ETL and ETLc Testing Laboratories, Report # 532015 |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

*Applies to models AHP- (1200XP, 1200XPHC, 1801XP, 1801XPHC)*

|                     |                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UL-1995<br>CSA 22.2 | Heating & Cooling Equipment, Categories 169 & 294, No. 236-M90<br>Tested thru ETL and ETLc Testing Laboratories, Report # 532015 |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

*Applies to models AHP- (1200, 1201, 1200HC, 1201HC, 1200X, 1200XHC, 1801, 1801X, 1801XHC, 1801HC)*

## Reliability & Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)

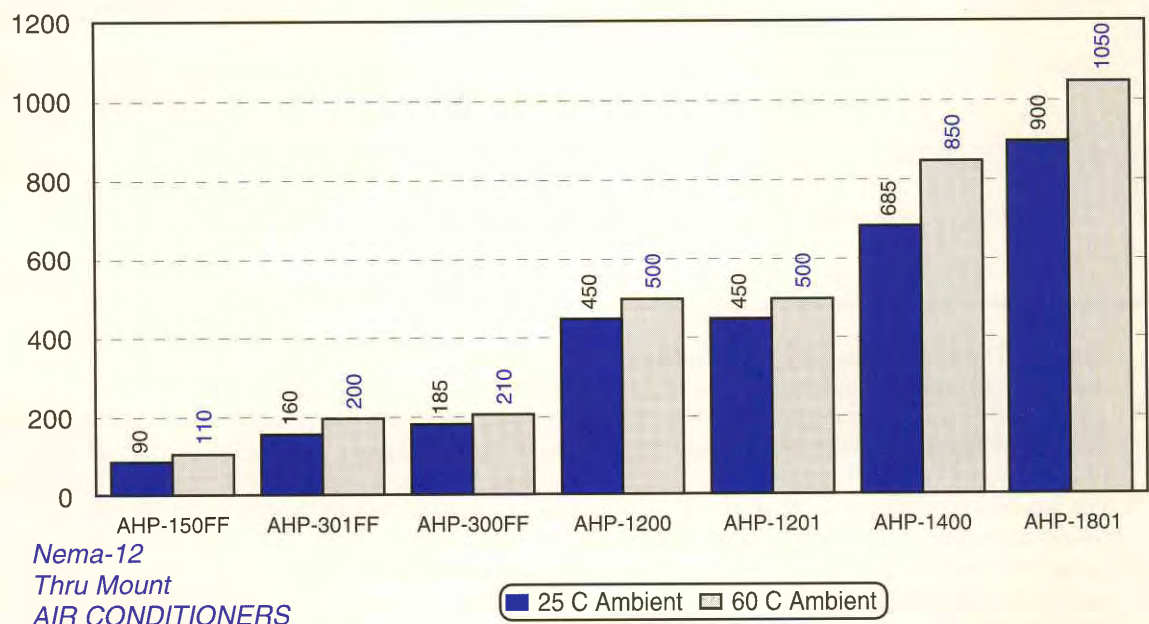
The life expectancy of a thermoelectric device is exceptionally high due to its solid state construction. Service life is typically in excess of five (5) years, under normal conditions.

For T.E. Modules, MTBF's on the order of 2-300,000 hours at room temperature, 100,000 hours at elevated ambients of 80°C, have been calculated.

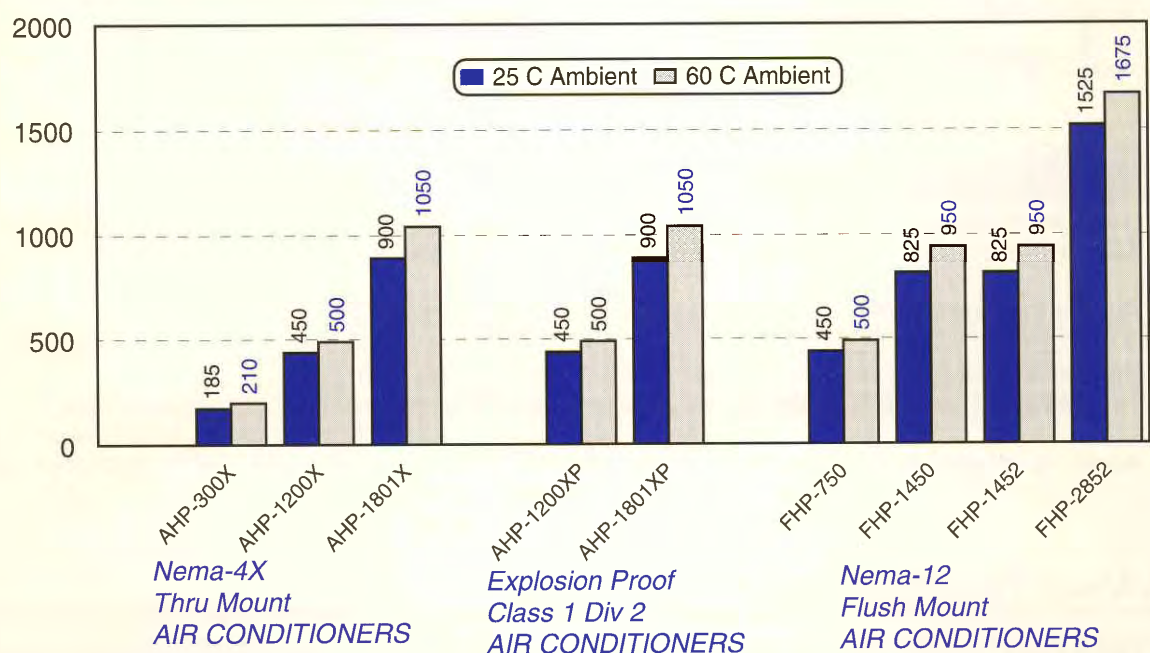


# Product Selection Chart

Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)



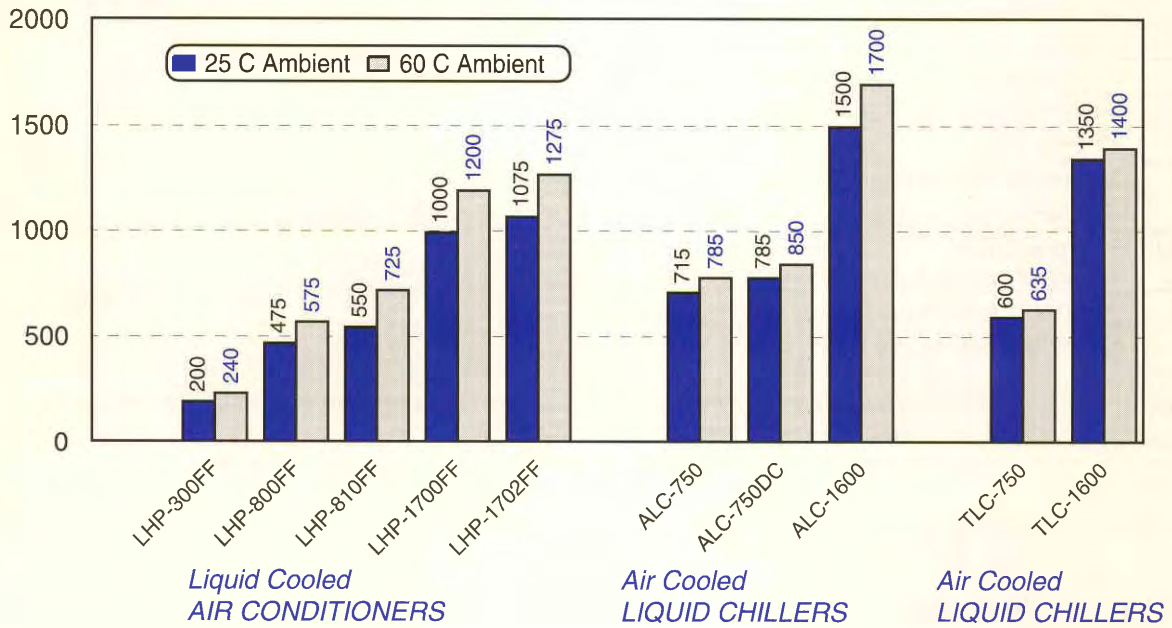
Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)



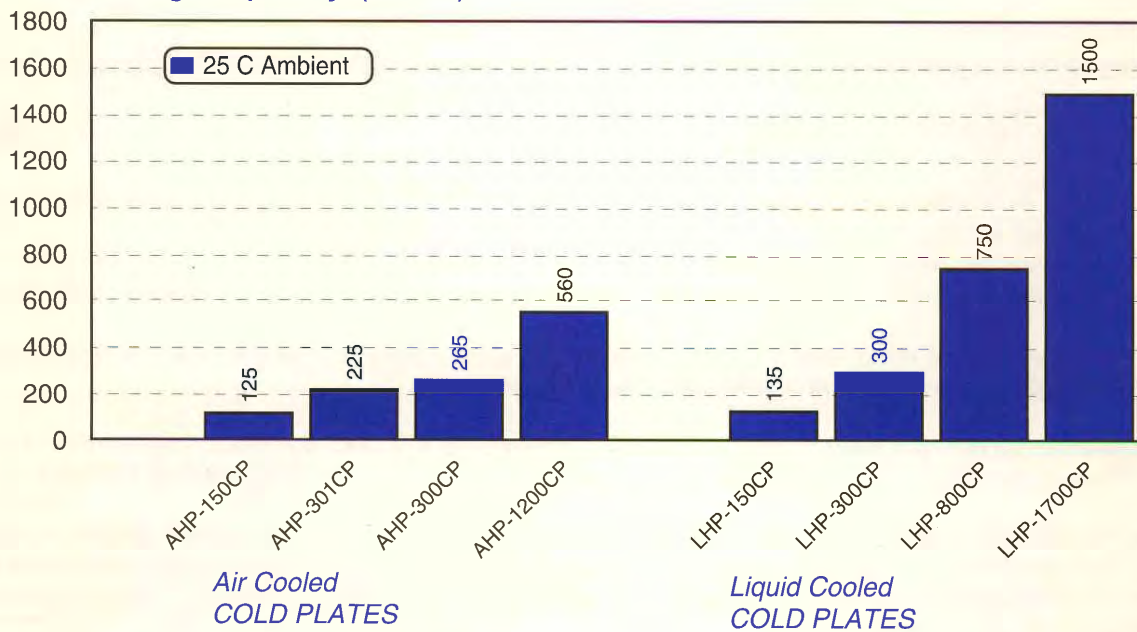
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## Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)



## Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)





## Air Conditioner Sizing:

To size an air conditioner proceed with the following 7 steps.  
A free standing enclosure (3' x 3' x 2') with 1" insulation has been provided as an example.

| STEP |           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | English   | Metric    |
|------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| #1:  | (Ta)      | Determine the maximum ambient (outside) air temperature<br><i>✎</i> $(9/5 \times ^\circ\text{C}) + 32 = ^\circ\text{F}$ or $5/9 (^\circ\text{F} - 32) = ^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                             | +120° F   | +50° C    |
| #2:  | (Te)      | Determine the maximum allowable enclosure air temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | +100° F   | +38° C    |
| #3:  | (ΔT)      | Determine temperature differential (Step 2- Step 1)<br><i>✎</i> $9/5 \times \Delta^\circ\text{C} = \Delta^\circ\text{F}$ or $5/9 \times \Delta^\circ\text{F} = \Delta^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                | - 20° F   | - 12° C   |
| #4:  | (Sa)      | Determine exposed surface area = $2(\text{H} \times \text{W}) + 2(\text{H} \times \text{D}) + 2(\text{W} \times \text{D})$<br><i>✎</i> (Exclude non exposed surfaces, see fig. 2) $1\text{m}^2 = 10.76\text{ft}^2$ , or $1\text{ft}^2 = .0929\text{m}^2$                                            | 42 ft²    | 3.9 m²    |
| #5:  | (Qa)      | Estimate ambient load (Example uses 1" insulation, see fig. 3)<br>(Positive if cooling below ambient, Negative if cooling above ambient)                                                                                                                                                            | 140 Btu/h | 41 watts  |
| #6:  | (Qe)      | Determine enclosure internal load<br><i>✎</i> (Fill in actual, or use either method 1,2,3)                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 341 Btu/h | 100 watts |
|      | Method 1: | For resistive loads, measure the electrical power into the enclosure and subtract the electrical power out. This approximates the electrical load generated inside the enclosure.<br><i>✎</i> Voltage ( <b>Volts</b> ) x Current ( <b>Amps</b> ) = Power ( <b>Watts</b> ), & {1 Watt = 3.414 Btu/h} |           |           |
|      | Method 2: | If power cannot be measured directly, check with the manufacturer of each device and add the load (Watts) from all internal components.                                                                                                                                                             |           |           |
|      | Method 3: | Measure the steady-state temperature rise from ambient to internal with the enclosure completely sealed. See fig. 3 on following page to estimate the internal load.                                                                                                                                |           |           |
| #7:  | (Qt)      | Total Load (Step 5 + Step 6)<br><i>✎</i> (Add additional loads at this time, i.e. solar or radiated loads)                                                                                                                                                                                          | 481 Btu/h | 141 watts |

## Using Performance Curves:(See fig. 1)

|                      |                               |      |                  |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|------|------------------|
| X- (Horizontal Axis) | Total Load Line               | (Qt) | (Watts or Btu/h) |
| Y- (Vertical Axis)   | Temperature Differential Line | (ΔT) | (°C or °F)       |

*✎* (ΔT) from ambient to enclosure. Values are (-) for below ambient cooling and (+) for above ambient cooling.

There is usually a blue shaded region on each performance curve. The upper end is performance at +25°C/+77°F ambient. The lower end is performance at +60°C/+140°F ambient. The shaded region includes performance from 25°C to +60°C.

*✎* Please Note: A thermoelectric cooler is typically more efficient at higher ambients, due to inherent properties in the material. This is the opposite of conventional fluorocarbon systems.

To use the performance curves, you need to know total load, (Qt from Step #7), and temperature differential, (ΔT from Step #3). From the example you know that the total load is 141 Watts. Draw a vertical line to intersect at this load.

Next, place a point within the shaded region and on the vertical line to approximate the actual performance at ambient of 50°C. Since 50°C is close to the lower border, place a point slightly above the border. Then extend a horizontal line thru the point to intersect the y-axis (or ΔT line). For our example, we are at roughly -13°CΔT or -23.4°FΔT, which is greater than the required -12°C/-20°F.

**Result: ✓ Adequate cooling capacity with this model.**

Line equations are also provided below each performance curve. You can solve for ΔT by substituting the load, or solve for load by substituting ΔT.

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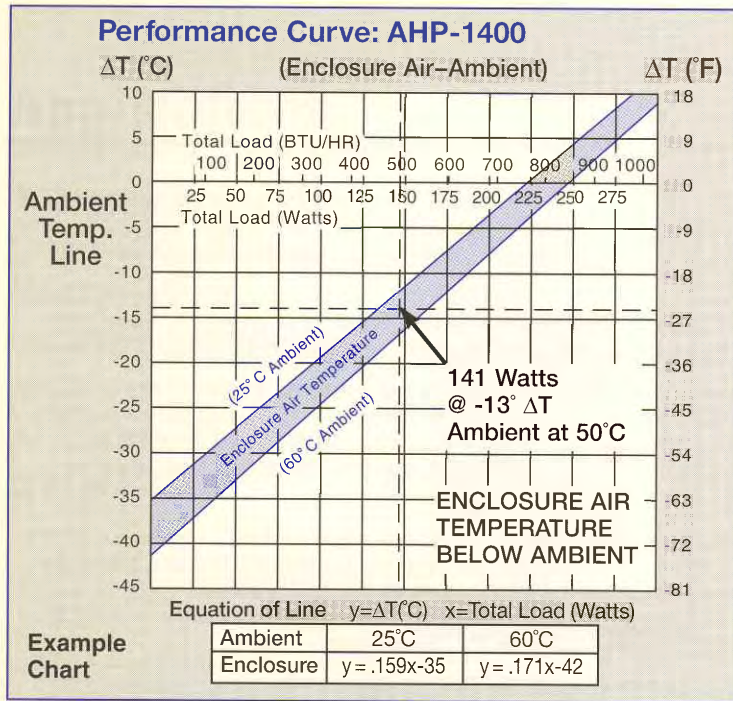


Figure 1

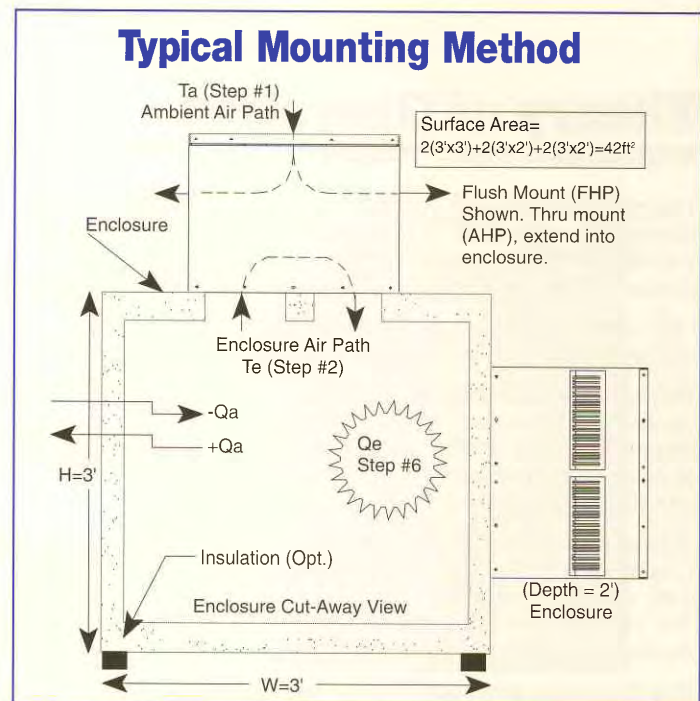


Figure 2

Ambient Load\* ( $Q_a$ ), From Step #5

\* Calculated using steel enclosure, insulation R Value (1")=4

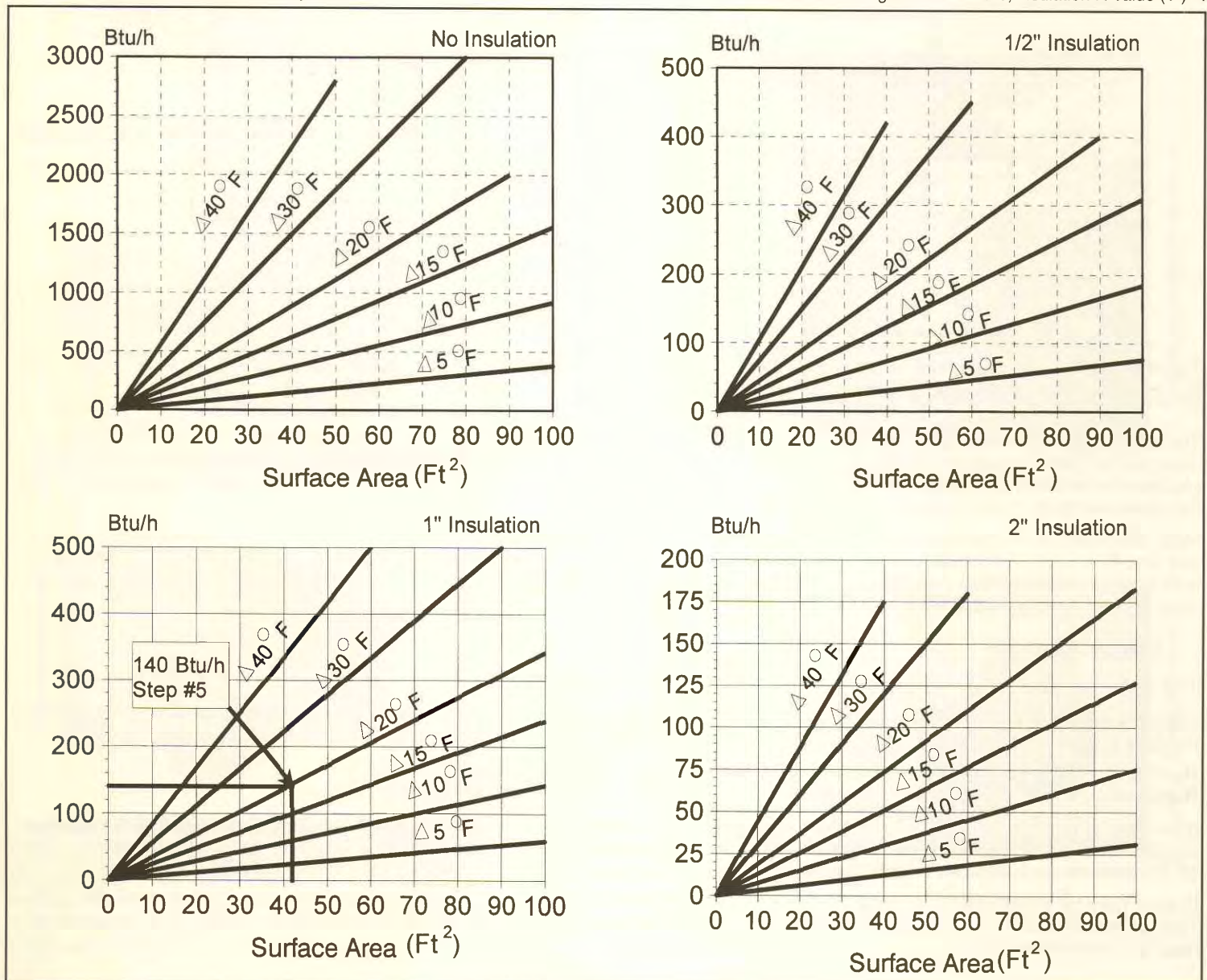


Figure 3



# Theory of Operation

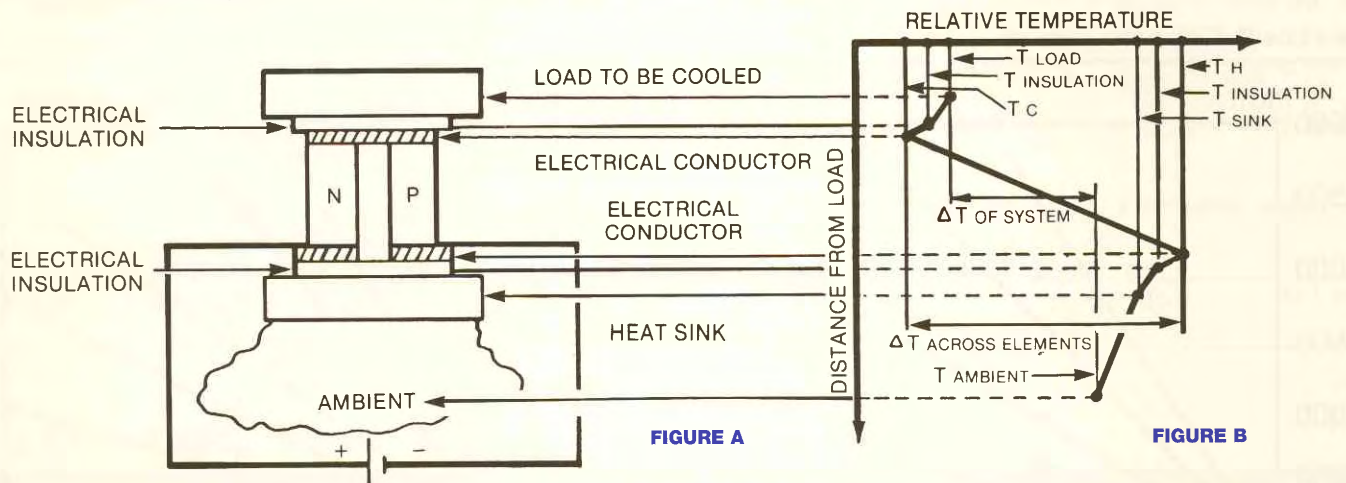
Thermoelectric cooling, or as it is sometimes called, "The Peltier Effect," is a phenomenon discovered by a French watchmaker during the early 19th century. It is described as a solid-state method of heat transfer generated primarily through the use of dissimilar semiconductor materials. To understand the cooling method, it is first necessary to know how thermoelectric cooling systems differ from their conventional refrigeration counterparts.

Like conventional refrigeration, thermoelectrics obey the basic laws of thermodynamics. Both in result and principle, then, thermoelectric cooling has much in common with conventional refrigeration methods - only the actual system for cooling is different.

Perhaps the best way to show the differences in the two refrigeration methods is to describe the systems themselves. In a conventional refrigeration system, the main working parts are the evaporator, condenser, and compressor. The evaporator surface is where the liquid refrigerant boils, changes to vapor and absorbs heat energy. The compressor circulates the refrigerant and applies enough pressure to increase the temperature above ambient level. The condenser helps discharge the absorbed heat into the ambient air.

In thermoelectric refrigeration, essentially nothing has changed. The refrigerant in both liquid and vapor form is replaced by two dissimilar conductors. The cold junction (evaporator surface) becomes cold through absorption of energy by the electrons as they pass from one semiconductor to another, instead of energy absorption by the refrigerant as it changes from liquid to vapor. The compressor is replaced by a DC power source which pumps the electrons from one semiconductor to another. A heat sink replaces the conventional condenser fins, discharging the accumulated heat energy from the system.

The difference between the two refrigeration methods, then, is that a thermoelectric cooling system refrigerates without use of mechanical devices, except perhaps in the auxiliary sense, and without refrigerant.



*Thermoelectrics (Def): Semiconductor materials with dissimilar characteristics are connected electrically in series and thermally in parallel, so that two junctions are created (Figure A).*

The semiconductor materials are N and P type, and are so named because either they have more electrons than necessary to complete a perfect molecular lattice structure (N-type) or not enough electrons to complete a lattice structure (P-type). The extra electrons in the N-type material and the holes left in the P-type material are called "carriers" and they are the agents that move the heat energy from the cold to the hot junction.

Heat absorbed at the cold junction is pumped to the hot junction at a rate proportional to carrier current passing through the circuit and the number of couples. Good thermoelectric semiconductor materials such as bismuth telluride greatly impede conventional heat conduction from hot to cold areas, yet provide an easy flow for the carriers. In addition, these materials have carriers with a capacity for carrying more heat.

## Heat Sinks:

The design of the heat exchanger is a very important aspect of a good thermoelectric system.

Figure B illustrates the steady-state temperature profile across a typical thermoelectric device from the load side to the ambient. In figure B, the total steady-state heat which must be rejected by the heat sink to the ambient may be expressed as follows:

$$\text{Heat Rejected } (Q_s) = \text{Heat Absorbed From the Load } (Q_c) + \text{Power Input } (V \cdot I) + \text{Heat Leakage } (Q_1)$$

If the heat sink is not capable of rejecting the required  $Q_s$  from the given system, the temperature of the entire system will rise and the cold junction temperature will increase. If the thermoelectric current is increased to maintain the load temperature, the COP (coefficient of performance) tends to decrease. Thus, a good heat sink contributes to improved COP.

Energy may be transferred to or from the thermoelectric system by three basic modes: conduction, convection, and radiation. The values of  $Q_c$  and  $Q_1$  may easily be estimated; their total along with the power input gives  $Q_s$ , the energy the hot-junction heat sink must dissipate.



# Applications

(773) 342-4900

There are many successful users of thermoelectric cooling systems.

Here are a few examples you may find helpful...

Cooled enclosure system for ADC Camera Power Supply.



(Photo courtesy of N.A.S.A.-Langley Research Center)



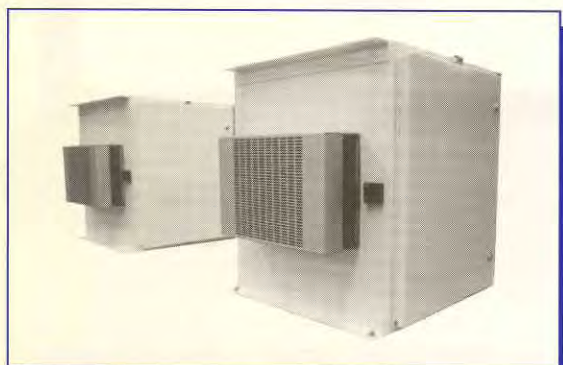
(Photo courtesy of New Zealand Dairy Research Institute)

One of the world's leading centers for dairy research uses thermoelectric cold plates with temperature control for tempering fat samples prior to pulsed NMR measurement of solid fat content.



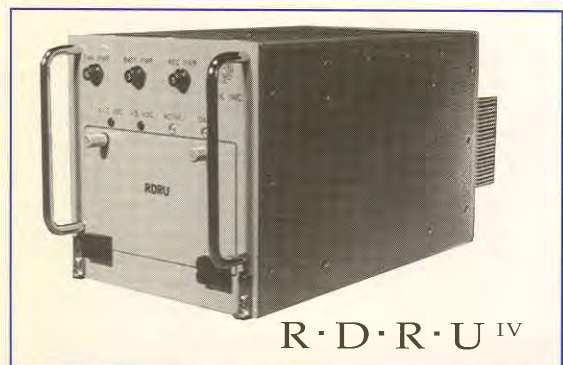
(Teca File Photo)

Food Service Refrigerators for Airborne Application



(Photo courtesy of Scientific Atlanta-Jet Propulsion Lab)

Cooled Enclosure System for Tower Mt. Horn/Electronics Assembly



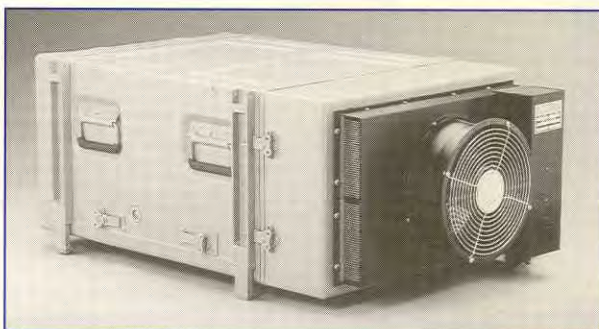
(Photo courtesy of Veda Incorporated)

R.D.R.U. (Ruggedized Digital Recording Unit), utilizes a thermoelectric heat/cool system for reconnaissance data collection, flight test & evaluation, and automotive test and instrumentation.



(Photo courtesy of Noah Precision)

A manufacturer in the semiconductor industry uses a solid state liquid chiller to precisely control fluid temperatures for water jacketed columns and etch baths.



(Photo courtesy of EDAK)

A manufacturing specialist of transport equipment uses a solid state cooling system to protect electronic equipment from harsh, high stress conditions.



# Theory of Operation

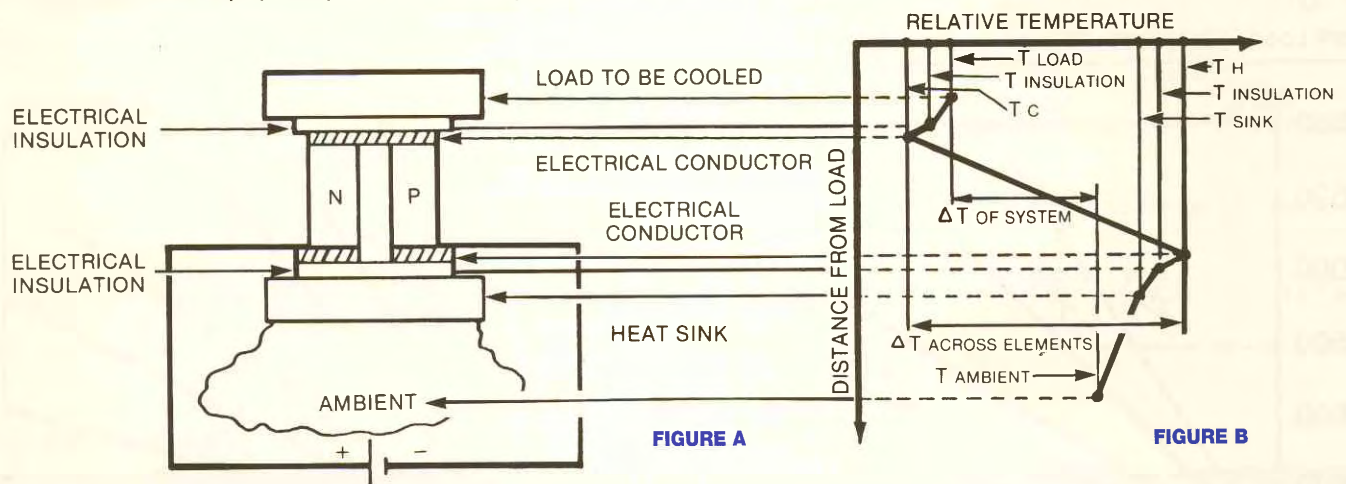
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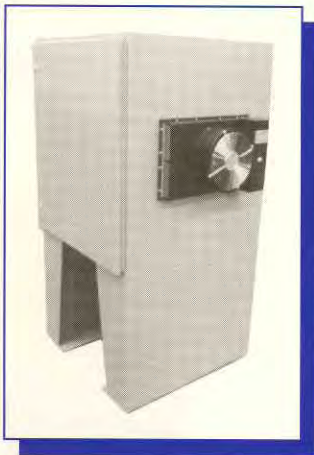
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(Photo courtesy of N.A.S.A.-Langley Research Center)



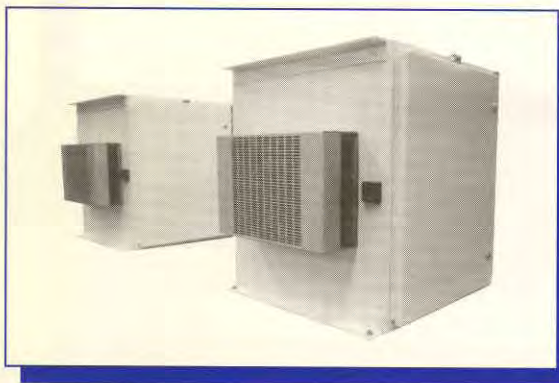
(Photo courtesy of New Zealand Dairy Research Institute)

One of the world's leading centers for dairy research uses thermoelectric cold plates with temperature control for tempering fat samples prior to pulsed NMR measurement of solid fat content.



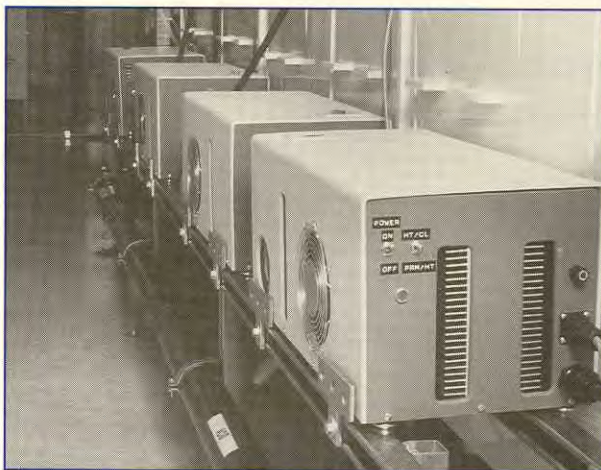
(Teca File Photo)

Food Service Refrigerators for Airborne Application



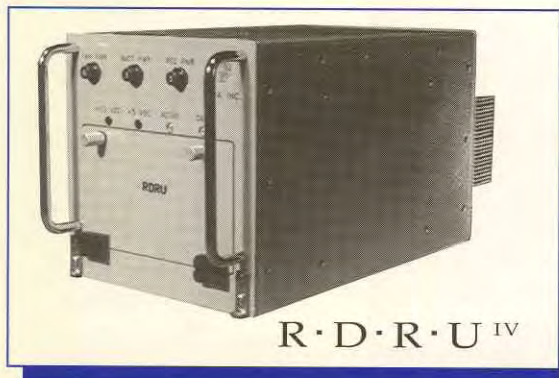
(Photo courtesy of Scientific Atlanta-Jet Propulsion Lab)

Cooled Enclosure System for Tower Mt. Horn/Electronics Assembly



(Photo courtesy of Noah Precision)

A manufacturer in the semiconductor industry uses a solid state liquid chiller to precisely control fluid temperatures for water jacketed columns and etch baths.



(Photo courtesy of Veda Incorporated)

R.D.R.U. (Ruggedized Digital Recording Unit), utilizes a thermoelectric heat/cool system for reconnaissance data collection, flight test & evaluation, and automotive test and instrumentation.



(Photo courtesy of EDAC)

A manufacturing specialist of transport equipment uses a solid state cooling system to protect electronic equipment from harsh, high stress conditions.



Fin Rating 2200-2400 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

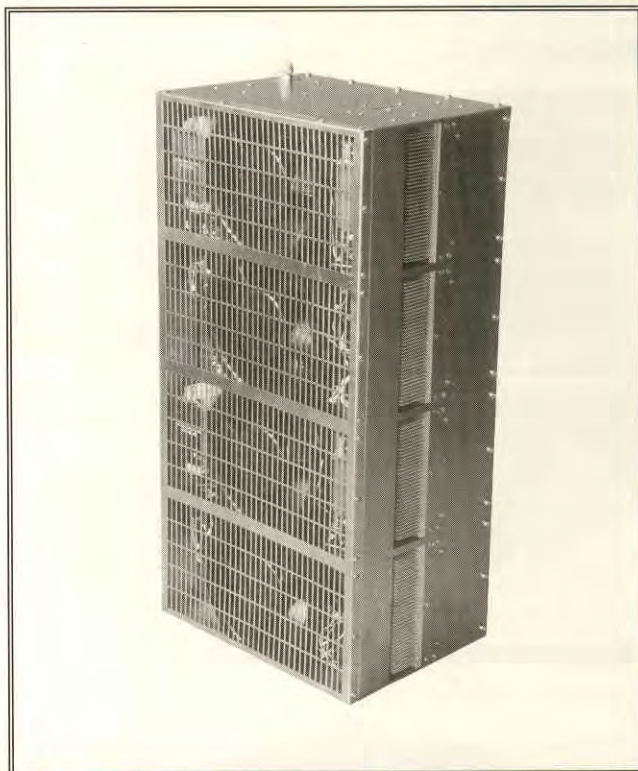
Air Rating 1500-1700 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Flush (External) Mount
- Compact, only (24" L x 12" W x 9" D)
- Ambient Range, -10°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Stainless Steel Exterior Housing
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Includes:

- Integral Power Supply (220 VAC Input)
- Condensate Removal System
- TC-6F Thermostat



Cools Equipment Racks, PC's, Drives, Amplifiers, Motor Controls, & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's FHP-Series air conditioners are designed for tightly packaged enclosures. There is no intrusion within the enclosure, allowing for greater design flexibility. Model FHP-2852 packs a powerful punch. It is currently the highest standard capacity thermoelectric system on the market! Ideal for harsh Nema-12 environments such as steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants.

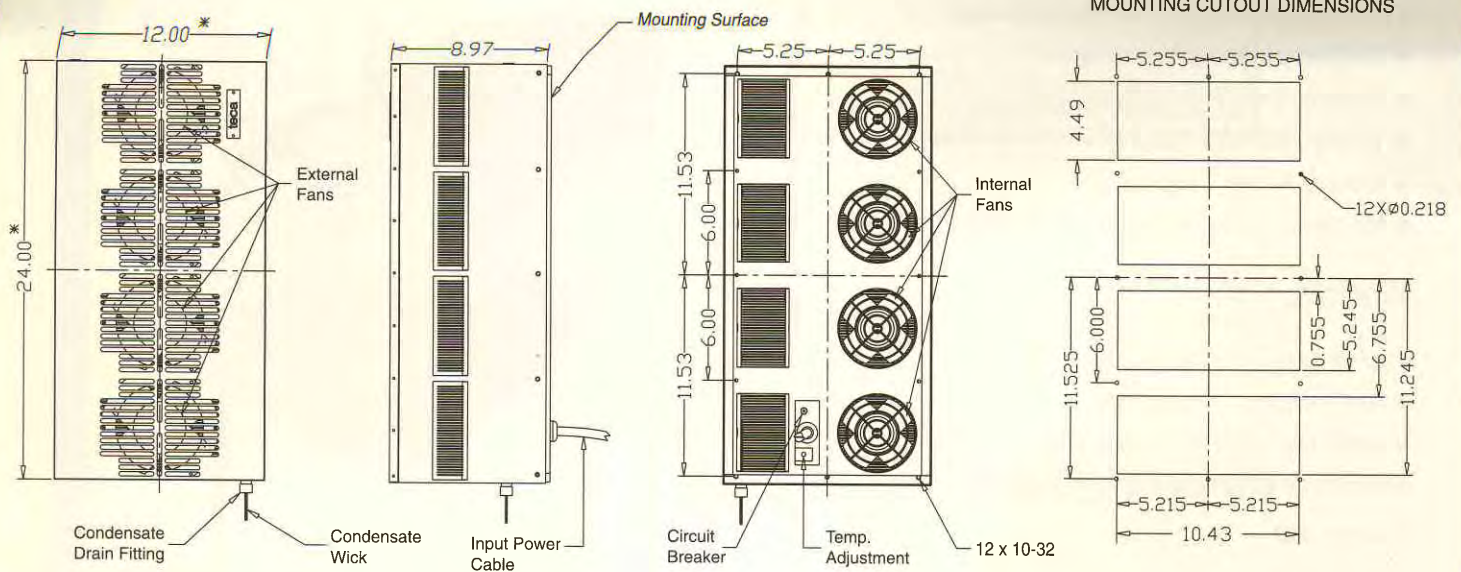
### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number          | FHP-2852               |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| ● Input Voltage       | 230 VAC (115 VAC Opt.) |
| ● Input Current       | 11-12 Amps RMS         |
| ● Frequency           | 50/60 Hz               |
| ● Minimum Ambient     | -10°C / +14°F          |
| ● Maximum Ambient     | +70°C / + 158°F        |
| ● Enclosure Rating    | Nema-12                |
| ● Weight              | 70 lbs. / 32 Kg.       |
| ● Temperature Control | TC-6F (Included)       |

☎ Toll Free (888) TECA USA (832-2872)

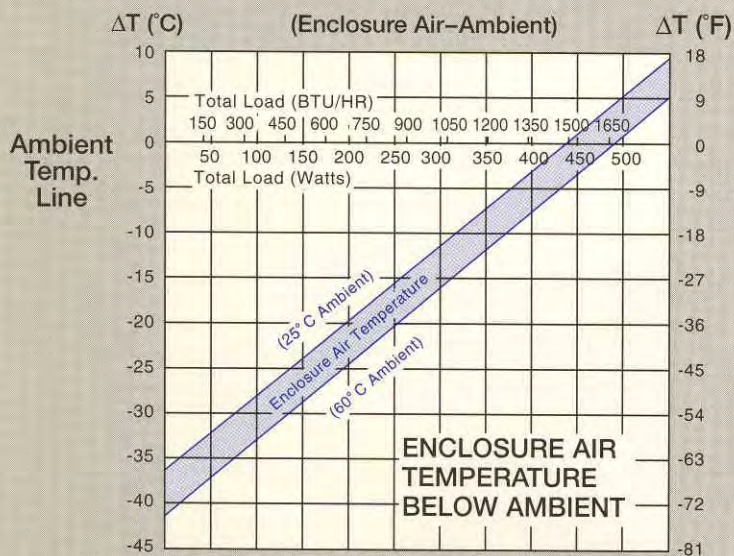


### Dimensions:



\*Dimension does not include hardware, insulation. Dimensions (Inches) Mounting hardware and gasket not shown.

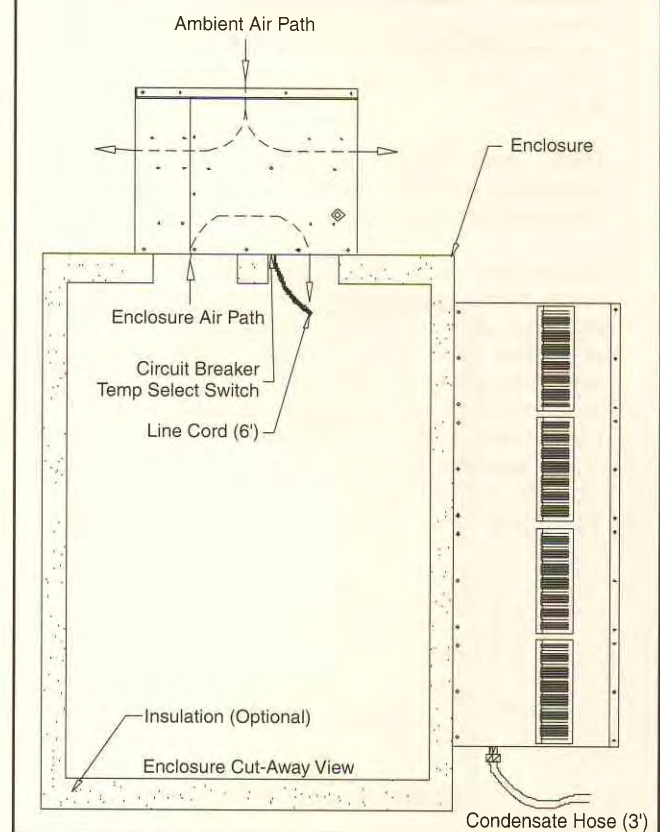
## Performance Curve: FHP-2852



Equation of Line:  $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

|           |                   |                   |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Ambient   | 25°C              | 60°C              |
| Enclosure | $y = .0822x - 37$ | $y = .0857x - 42$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





# AHP-1801, AHP-1801X, AHP-1801XP Solid-State Air Conditioners, Thru Mount Explosion Proof (Hazardous Duty) and Nema-4X Models

Fin Rating 1150-1400 Btu/h; Air Rating 900-1050 Btu/h, Heating: 1360 Btu/h (Opt.)

## Features:

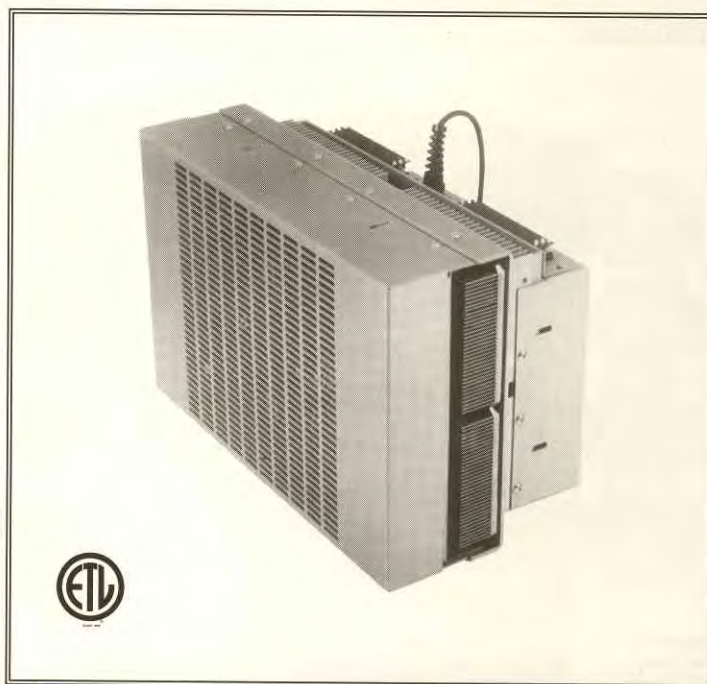
- Hazardous Duty and Nema-4X Models
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance Free Operation
- 115 or 230 VAC Input (Field Selectable)
- Mounts in any Orientation
- Mil-Spec. Fans on Nema-4X Models

## Models:

- AHP-1801 (Nema-12)
- AHP-1801X (Nema-4X)
- AHP-1801XP (Nema-4X, Explosion Proof)

(Designed for Class I and II, Division 2 and Class III,

Division 1 & 2)



**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only!

Model AHP-1801XP is designed for hazardous locations such as Class I Division 2 (Groups A-D).

Models AHP-1801X and XP are ideal for harsh Nema-4X environments such as chemical, steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants. Can withstand corrosive salt spray, shock, vibration, windblown dust, rain and water hose down in outdoor and indoor use. Cools equipment racks, drives, motor controls and other remote electronic equipment.

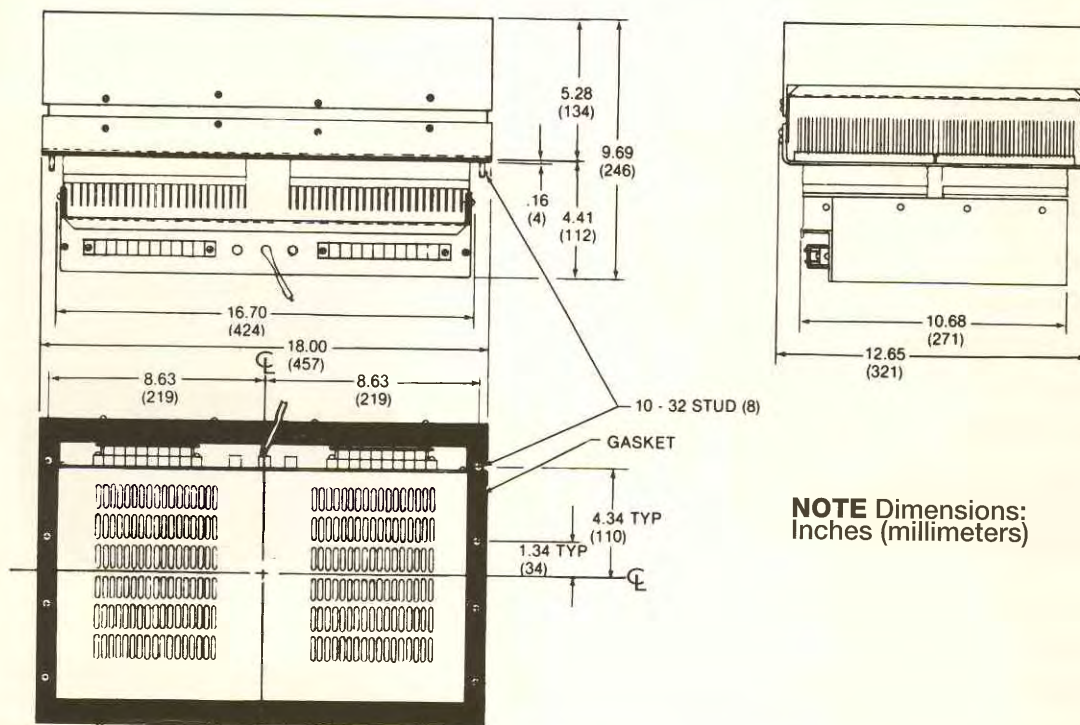
## SPECIFICATIONS:

| Cool Only Models                 | AHP-1801                                     | AHP-1801X                                    | AHP-1801XP                       |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Input AC Voltage                 | 115/230                                      | 115/230                                      | 115/230                          |
| Current @ 115V                   | 6.8-7.5 Amps                                 | 6.8-7.5 Amps                                 | 6.8-7.5 Amps                     |
| Current @ 230V                   | 4.2-4.9 Amps                                 | 4.2-4.9 Amps                                 | 4.2-4.9 Amps                     |
| Frequency                        | 50/60 Hz                                     | 50/60 Hz                                     | 50/60 Hz                         |
| Minimum Ambient                  | -28°C / -20°F                                | -28°C / -20°F                                | -28°C / -20°F                    |
| Maximum Ambient                  | +70°C / +158°F                               | +80°C / +176°F                               | +80°C / +176°F                   |
| Nema Rating                      | 12                                           | 4X                                           | 4X                               |
| Weight                           | 46 lbs. / 20.9 Kg.                           | 46 lbs. / 20.9 Kg.                           | 46 lbs. / 20.9 Kg.               |
| Standard(s)<br>ETL/ETLc Approved | ANSI/UL 1995<br>CAN/CSA-C22.2<br>No. 236-M90 | ANSI/UL 1995<br>CAN/CSA-C22.2<br>No. 236-M90 | ANSI/UL 1604<br>(Hazardous Duty) |
| Corrosion Resistance             |                                              | Mil-Std 810                                  | Mil-Std 810                      |
| Thermostat                       | TC-6F                                        | TC-6F                                        | TC-6F                            |
| Cool & Heat Models               | AHP-1801HC                                   | AHP-1801XHC                                  | AHP-1801XPHC                     |
| Thermostat                       | TC-3F                                        | TC-3F                                        | TC-3F                            |

☎ Toll Free (888) TECA USA or (832-2872)

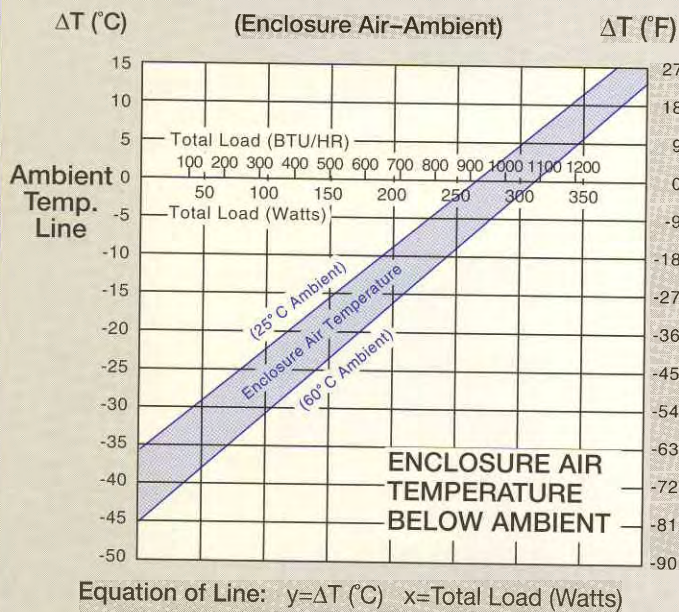


## Dimensions:



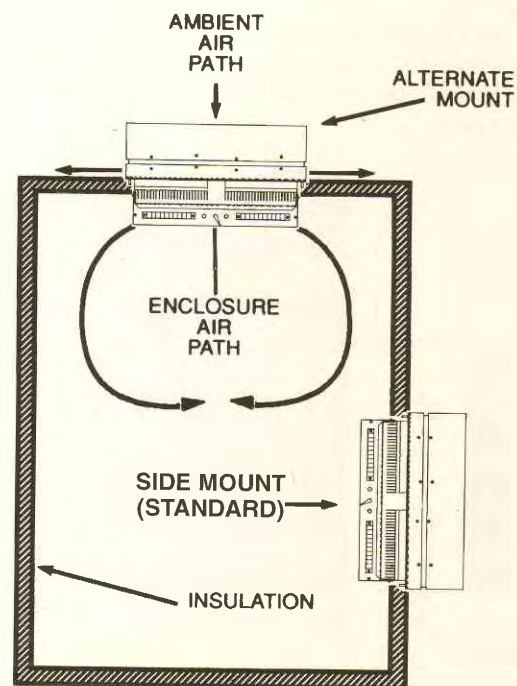
**NOTE** Dimensions:  
Inches (millimeters)

## Performance Curve: AHP-1801/1801X/1801XP



|           | 115 VAC            |                    | 230 VAC            |                    |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Ambient   | 25°C               | 60°C               | 25°C               | 60°C               |
| Enclosure | $y = .137x - 35.8$ | $y = .143x - 41.0$ | $y = .136x - 38.1$ | $y = .147x - 45.2$ |
| Cold Sink | $y = .112x - 37.4$ | $y = .110x - 43.0$ | $y = .104x - 38.9$ | $y = .113x - 46.1$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





Fin Rating 1200-1350 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

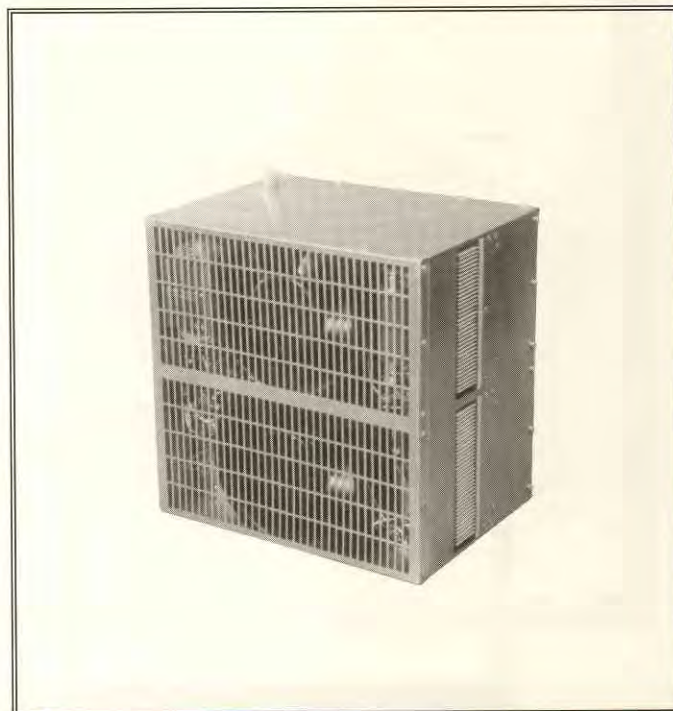
Air Rating 850-950 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Flush (External) Mount
- Compact, only (12" L x 12" W x 9" D)
- Ambient Range, -10°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Stainless Steel Exterior Housing
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Includes:

- Integral Power Supply (115 VAC Input)
- Condensate Removal System
- TC-6F Thermostat



Cools Equipment Racks, PC's, Drives, Amplifiers, Motor Controls, & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's FHP-Series air conditioners are designed for tightly packaged enclosures. There is no intrusion within the enclosure, allowing for greater design flexibility. Model FHP-1450 is designed for 115 VAC applications, model FHP-1452 is designed for 230 VAC. Ideal for harsh Nema-12 environments such as steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants.

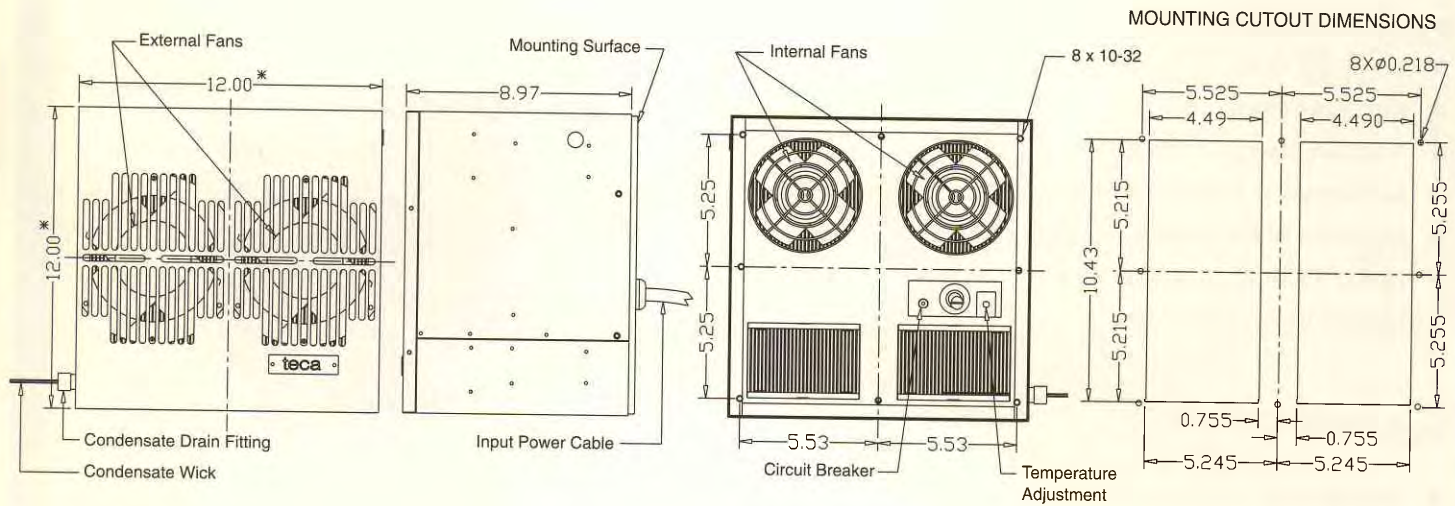
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number          | FHP-1450           | FHP-1452           |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| • Input Voltage       | 115 VAC            | 230 VAC            |
| • Input Current (Rms) | 10 Amps            | 6.0 Amps           |
| • Frequency           | 50/60 Hz           | 50/60 Hz           |
| • Minimum Ambient     | -10°C / +14°F      | -10°C / +14°F      |
| • Maximum Ambient     | +70°C / + 158°F    | +70°C / + 158°F    |
| • Enclosure Rating    | Nema-12            | Nema-12            |
| • Weight              | 32 lbs. / 14.5 Kg. | 32 lbs. / 14.5 Kg. |
| • Temperature Control | TC-6F (Included)   | TC-6F (Included)   |

☎ Technical Support Toll Free (888) TECA USA or (888) 832-2872

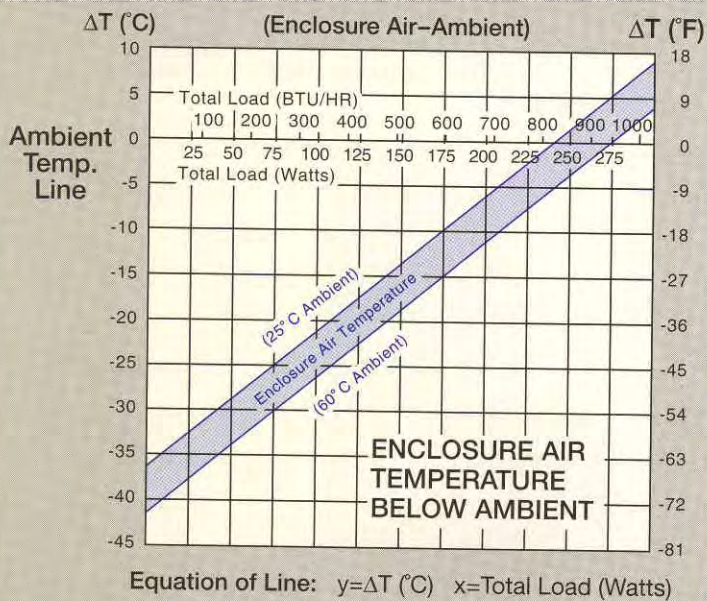


## Dimensions:



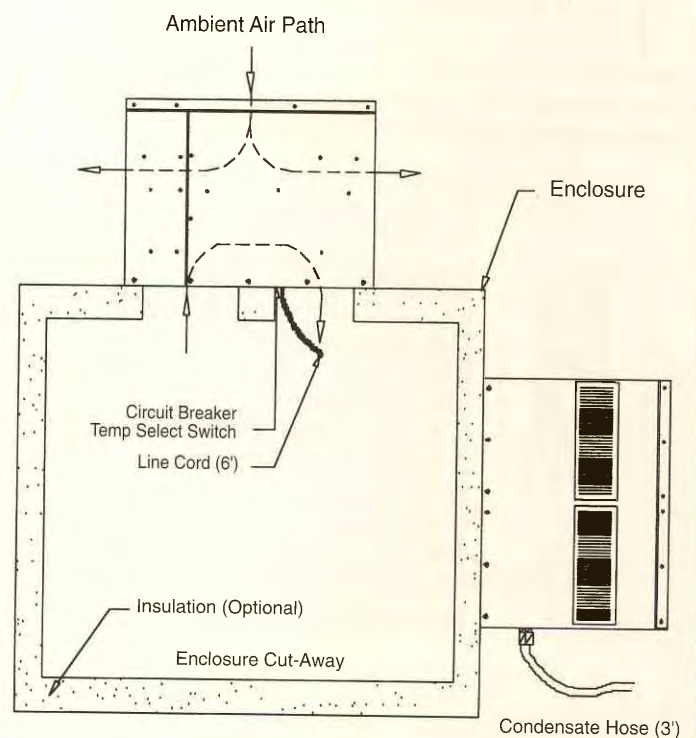
\*Dimension does not include hardware, insulation. Dimensions (Inches) Mounting hardware and gasket not shown.

## Performance Curve: FHP-1450/1452



|           |                  |                  |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Ambient   | 25°C             | 60°C             |
| Enclosure | $y = .154x - 37$ | $y = .153x - 42$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





Fin Rating 950-1025 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

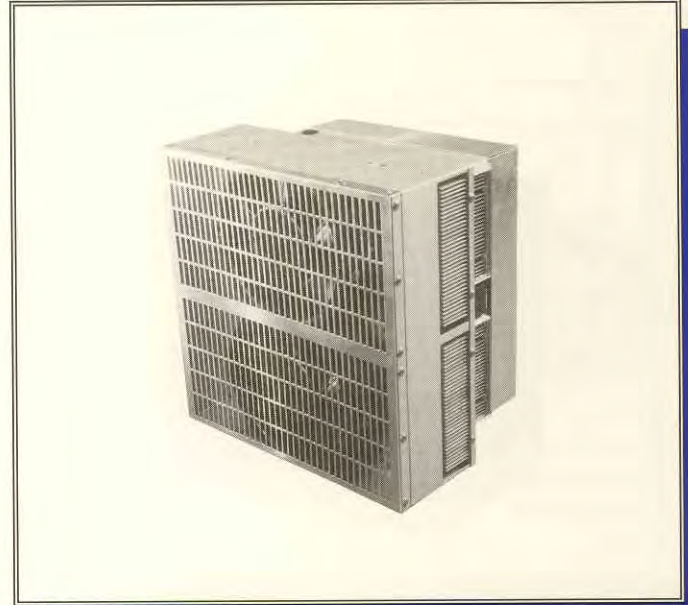
Air Rating 685-850 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Solid State Operation
- Compact, only (12" L x 12" W x 9.22" D)
- Ambient Range, -10°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Stainless Steel Exterior Housing
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Includes:

- Integral Power Supply (115 VAC Input)
- Condensate Removal System
- TC-6F Thermostat



### Cools Equipment Racks, PC's, Drives, Amplifiers, Motor Controls, & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only! Model AHP-1400 replaces our AHP-1700 unit. It is 33% smaller with the same capacity, and also includes the TC-6F thermostat, condensate removal system, and stainless steel housing. Ideal for harsh Nema-12 environments such as steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants.

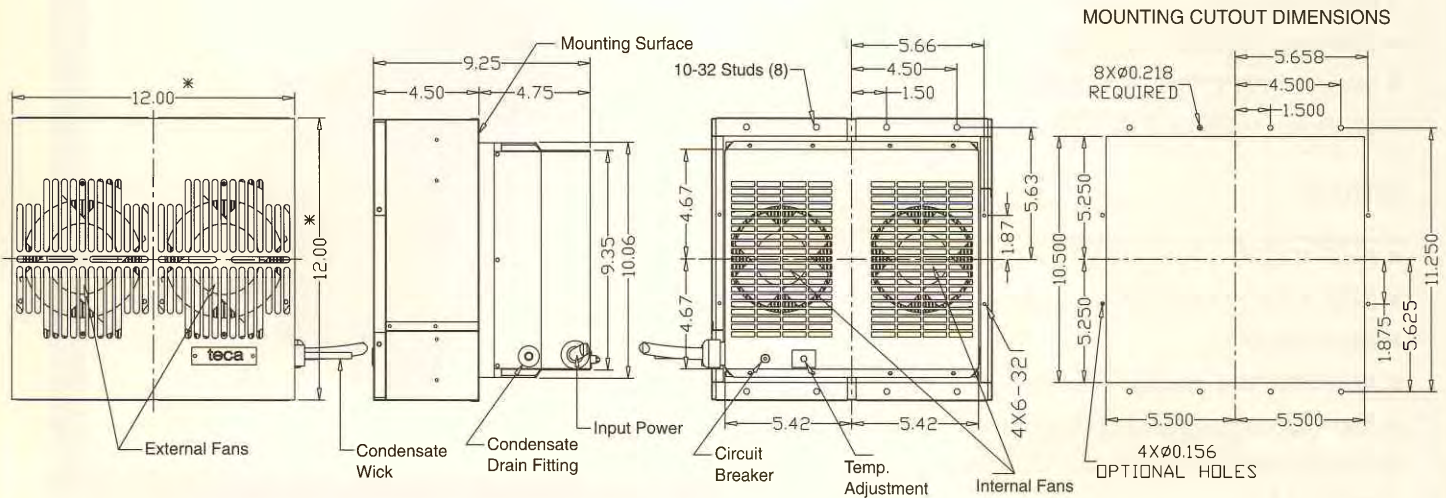
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number          | AHP-1400                                    |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| • Input Voltage       | 115 VAC (Optional 230 VAC, Consult Factory) |
| • Input Current       | 7.5-8.9 Amps RMS                            |
| • Frequency           | 50/60 Hz                                    |
| • Minimum Ambient     | -10°C / +14°F                               |
| • Maximum Ambient     | +70°C / + 158°F                             |
| • Enclosure Rating    | Nema-12                                     |
| • Weight              | 31 lbs. / 14 Kg.                            |
| • Temperature Control | TC-6F (Included)                            |

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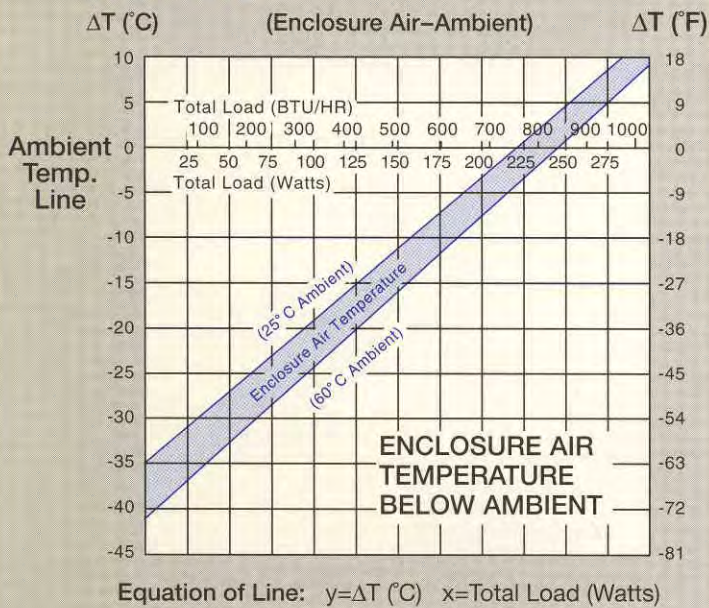


## Dimensions:



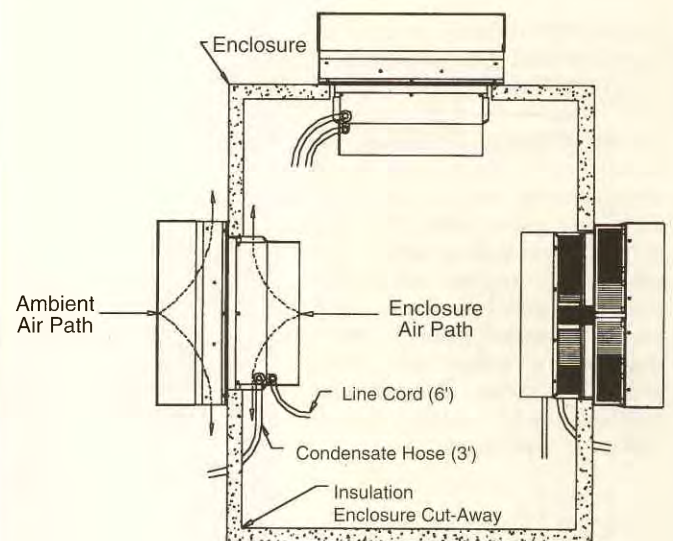
\*Dimension does not include hardware, insulation. Dimensions (Inches) Mounting hardware and gasket not shown.

## Performance Curve: AHP-1400



| Ambient   | 25°C             | 60°C             |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Enclosure | $y = .159x - 35$ | $y = .171x - 42$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





# AHP-1200,(FF,X,XM,XP) & AHP-1201 Solid-State Air Conditioners, Thru Mount Explosion Proof (Hazardous Duty) and Nema-4X Models

Fin Rating 625-700 Btu/h; Air Rating 450-500 Btu/h, Heating: 680 Btu/h (Opt.)

## Features:

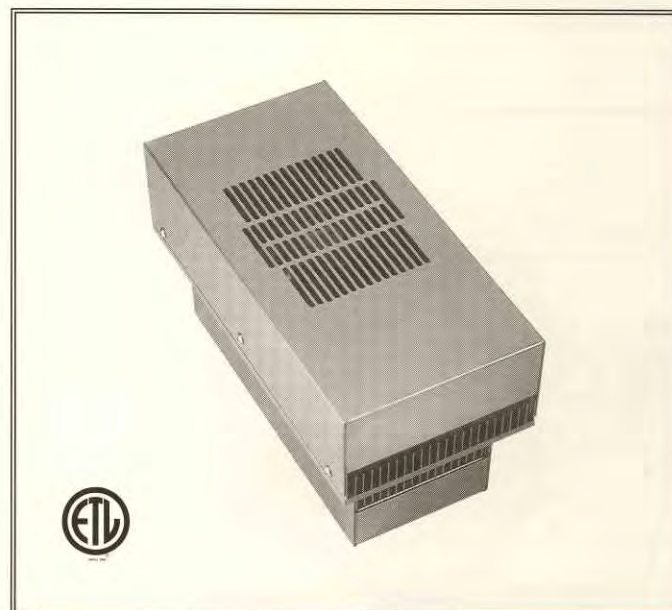
- Hazardous Duty and Nema-4X Models
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance Free Operation
- Mounts in any Orientation
- Mil-Spec. Fans on Nema-4X Models

## Models:

## Nema:

- |                                |      |
|--------------------------------|------|
| • AHP-1200FF (115 VAC)         | (12) |
| • AHP-1201 (230 VAC)           | (12) |
| • AHP-1200X                    | (4X) |
| • AHP-1200XM (Shock/Vibration) | (4X) |
| • AHP-1200XP (Explosion Proof) | (4X) |

(Designed for Class I and II, Division 2 and Class III, Division 1 & 2)



## SPECIFICATIONS

**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only!

Model AHP-1200XP is designed for hazardous locations such as Class I Division 2 (Groups A-D).

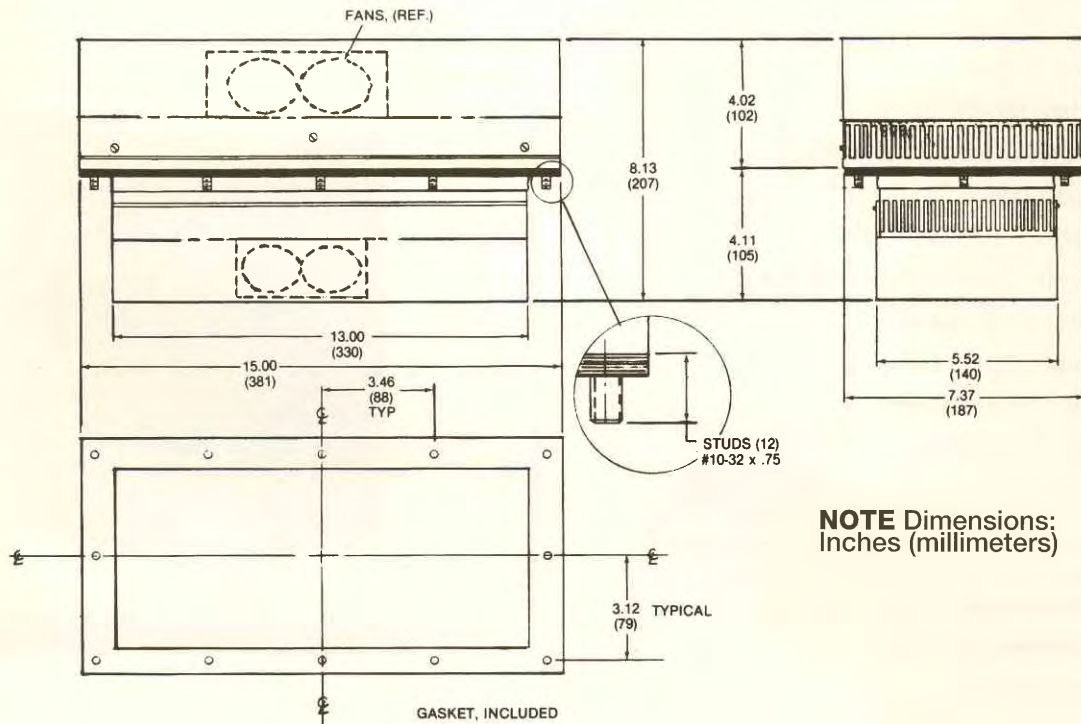
Models AHP-1200X and XP are ideal for harsh Nema-4X environments such as chemical, steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants. Can withstand corrosive salt spray, shock, vibration, windblown dust, rain and water hose down in outdoor and indoor use. Cools equipment racks, drives, motor controls and other remote electronic equipment.

| Cool Only Models           | AHP-1200FF          | AHP-1201            | AHP-1200X           | AHP-1200XM          | AHP-1200XP   |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| AC Voltage                 | 115                 | 115/230             | 115                 | 115                 | 115          |
| Current ,Amps              | 3.8-4.0             | 3.8/2.2             | 3.8-4.0             | 3.8-4.0             | 3.8-4.0      |
| Frequency, Hz              | 50/60               | 50/60               | 50/60               | 50/60               | 50/60        |
| Min. Ambient (°C/°F)       | -28/-20             | -28/-20             | -28/-20             | -28/-20             | -28/-20      |
| Max. Ambient (°C/°F)       | +70/+158            | +70/+158            | +80/+176            | +80 / +176          | +80 / +176   |
| Nema Rating                | 12                  | 12                  | 4X                  | 4X                  | 4X           |
| Weight (lb/Kg)             | 21/9.5              | 28/12.7             | 21/9.5              | 21/9.5              | 21/9.5       |
| Standard(s)<br>ETL<br>ETLc | UL-1995<br>CSA 22.2 | UL-1995<br>CSA 22.2 | UL-1995<br>CSA 22.2 | UL-1995<br>CSA 22.2 | UL-1604      |
| Corrosion<br>Shock/Vib.    |                     |                     | Mil-810             | Mil-810<br>Mil-810  | Mil-810      |
| Thermostat                 | TC-6F               | TC-6F               | TC-6F               | TC-6F               | TC-6F        |
| Cool & Heat Models         | AHP-1200FFHC        | AHP-1201HC          | AHP-1200XHC         | AHP-1200XMHC        | AHP-1200XPHC |
| Thermostat                 | TC-3F               | TC-3F               | TC-3F               | TC-3F               | TC-3F        |

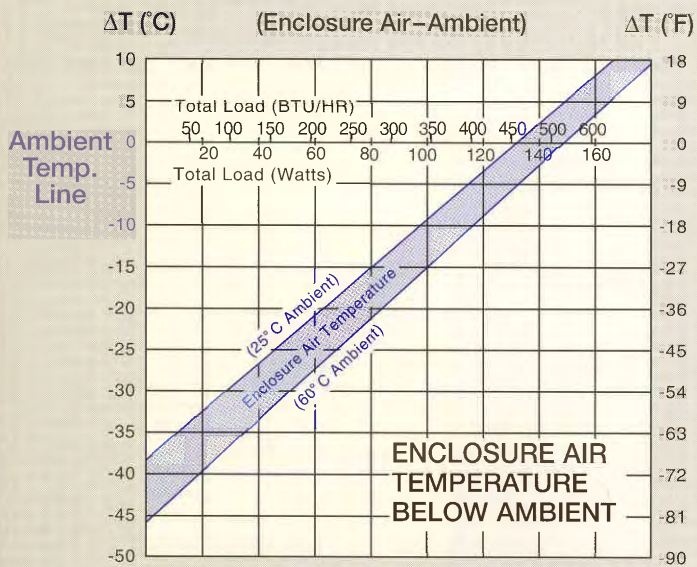
Toll Free (888) TECA USA or (832-2872)



## Dimensions:



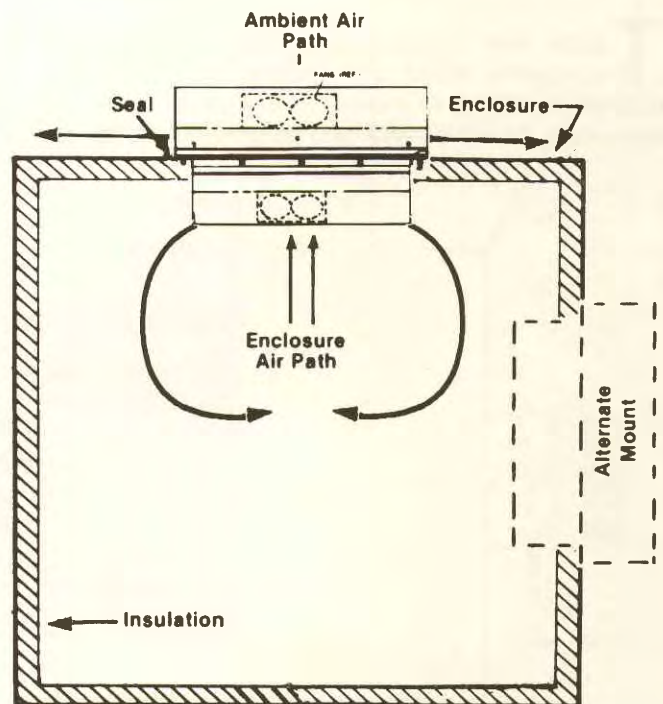
## Performance Curve: AHP-1200FF/1201FF/1200X/1200XP



Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T$  (°C)  
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Ambient Temp. | 25°C              | 60°C              |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Enclosure     | $y = .30x - 38.9$ | $y = .31x - 45.6$ |
| Cold Sink     | $y = .22x - 40.3$ | $y = .23x - 47.0$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





Fin Rating 650-725 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

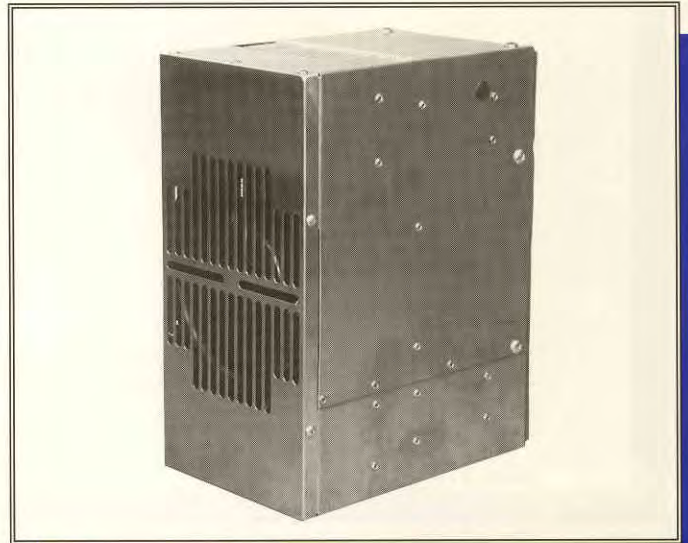
Air Rating 450-500Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Flush (External) Mount
- Compact, only (12" L x 6" W x 9" D)
- Weighs only 16 Lbs.
- Ambient Range, -10° C to +70° C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Stainless Steel Exterior Housing
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Includes:

- Integral Power Supply (115 VAC Input)
- Condensate Removal System
- TC-6F Thermostat



### Cools Equipment Racks, PC's, Drives, Amplifiers, Motor Controls, & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's FHP-Series air conditioners are designed for tightly packaged enclosures. There is no intrusion within the enclosure, allowing for greater design flexibility. Model FHP-750 is the smallest flush mount we offer. An external footprint of only 1/2 ft<sup>2</sup> makes this unit perfect for small enclosures. Ideal for harsh Nema-12 environments such as steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants.

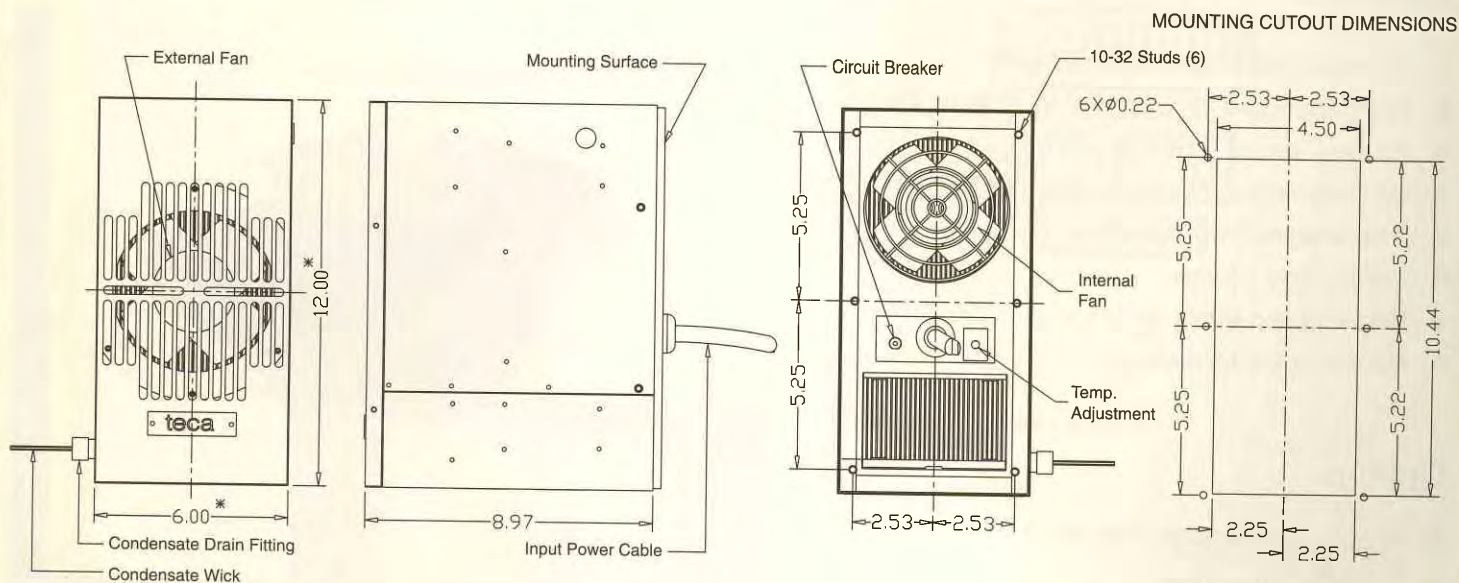
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number       | FHP-750            |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| ● Input Voltage    | 115 VAC            |
| ● Input Current    | 4.2-5.0 Amps RMS   |
| ● Frequency        | 50/60 Hz           |
| ● Minimum Ambient  | -10° C / +14° F    |
| ● Maximum Ambient  | +70° C / + 158° F  |
| ● Enclosure Rating | Nema-12            |
| ● Weight           | 16 lbs. / 7.25 Kg. |
| ● Thermostat       | TC-6F (Included)   |

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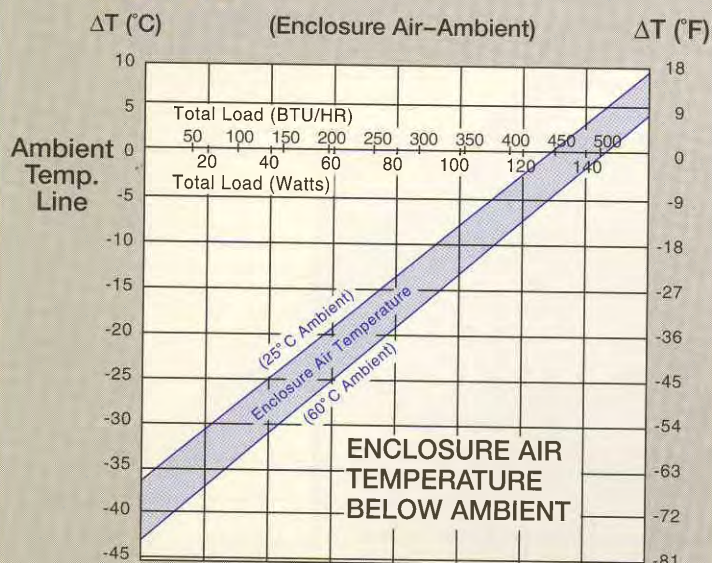


## Dimensions:



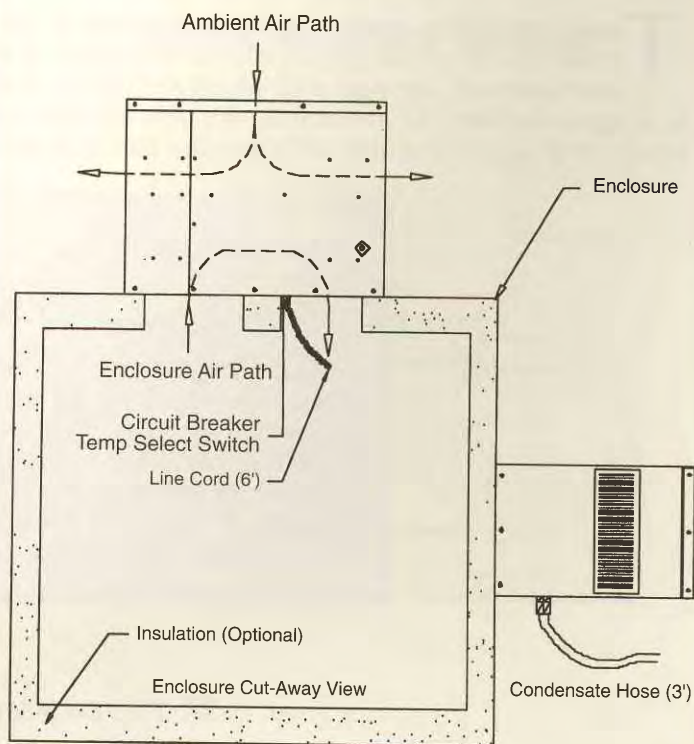
\*Dimension does not include hardware, insulation. Dimensions (Inches) Mounting hardware and gasket not shown.

## Performance Curve: FHP-750



|           |                  |                  |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Ambient   | 25°C             | 60°C             |
| Enclosure | $y = .285x - 37$ | $y = .297x - 43$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





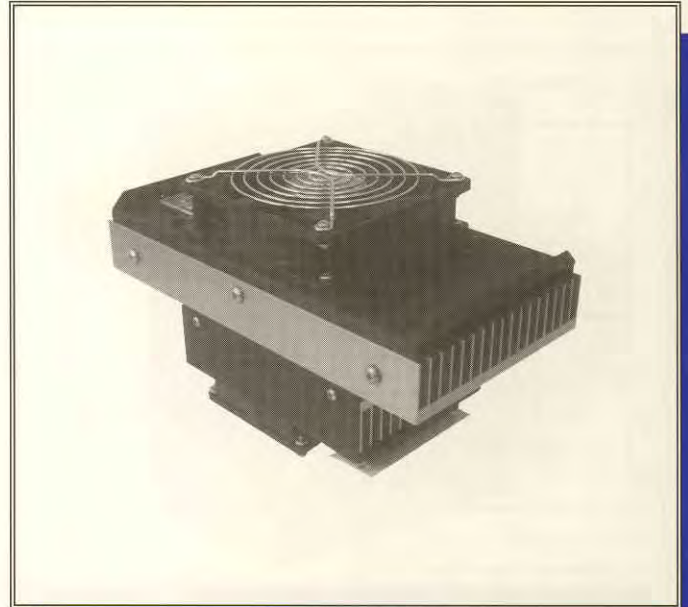
Fin Rating 235-275Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)Air Rating 185-210Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)Heating: 245 Btu/Hr  
72 Watts (Optional)

### Features:

- DC Input (Field Selectable 12/24/48)
- Compact, only (10" L x 5.75" W x 6.37" D)
- Ambient Range, -10°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Weighs only 7.5 Lbs.
- Nema-12 and Nema-4X Models
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Options:

- Heating (72 Watts, 24 VDC only)
- TC-6FDC Thermostat



### Cools small enclosures containing Computers, Cameras, VCR's & other Sensitive Electronics

**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only! Model AHP-300FF is designed for DC input and Nema-12 enclosures. Model AHP-300X is designed for Nema-4X enclosures. We offer a power supply for the AHP-300X if DC is not available, model PS300-24X. Models AHP-300FF and AHP-300X are ideal for harsh and mobile environments.

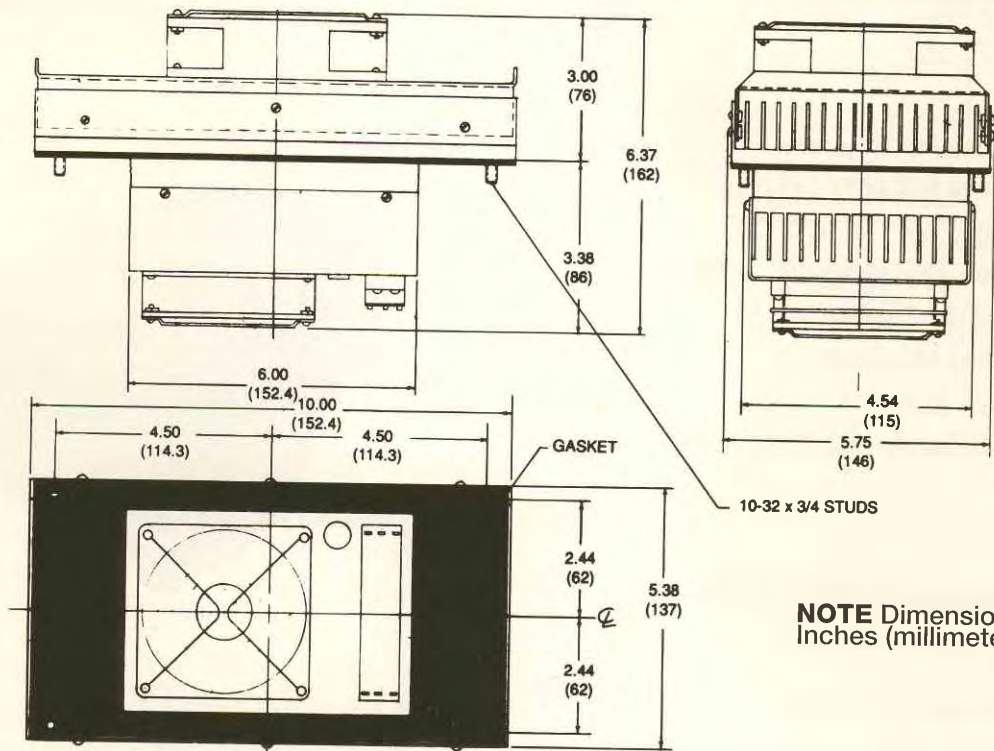
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number       | AHP-300FF          | AHP-300X           |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| • Input Voltage    | 12/24/48           | 12/24/48           |
| • Input Current    | 12.5/6.3/3.1 Amps  | 12.5/6.3/3.1 Amps  |
| • Minimum Ambient  | -10°C / +14°F      | -28°C / -20°F      |
| • Maximum Ambient  | +70°C / + 158°F    | +80°C / + 176°F    |
| • Enclosure Rating | Nema-12            | Nema-4X            |
| • Weight           | 7.5 lbs. / 3.4 Kg. | 7.5 lbs. / 3.4 Kg. |
| • Thermostat       | Optional           | Optional           |

 Toll Free (888) TECA USA (832-2872)

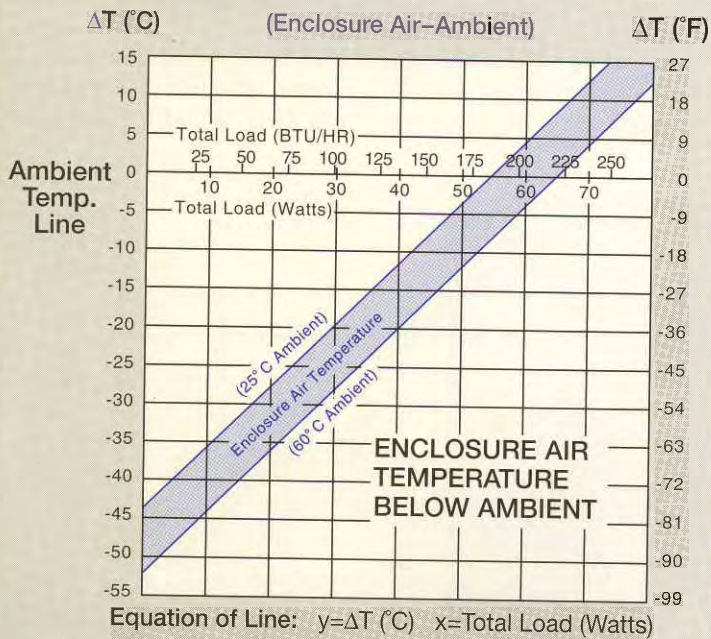


## Dimensions:



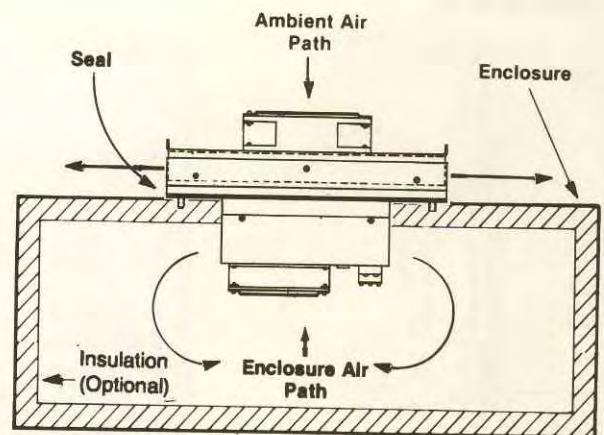
**NOTE** Dimensions:  
Inches (millimeters)

## Performance Curve: AHP-300FF/300X



|               |                   |                   |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Ambient Temp. | 25°C              | 60°C              |
| Enclosure     | $y = .82x - 44.3$ | $y = .86x - 53.3$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





Fin Rating 210-230 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

Air Rating 160-200 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

Heating: 340 Btu/Hr  
100 Watts (Optional)

### Features:

- Our Smallest AC Input System!  
(10" L x 5.75" W x 8.6" D)
- Ambient Range, -28°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation
- Integral Power Supply (115 VAC Input)

### Options:

- Heat/Cool Model, AHP-301FFHC  
(includes TC-3F Thermostat)
- TC-6F Thermostat (Cool Only)



### Cools Equipment Racks, PC's, Drives, Cameras, Motor Controls, & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only! Ideal for harsh Nema-12 environments such as steel and paper mills, foundries and food processing plants.

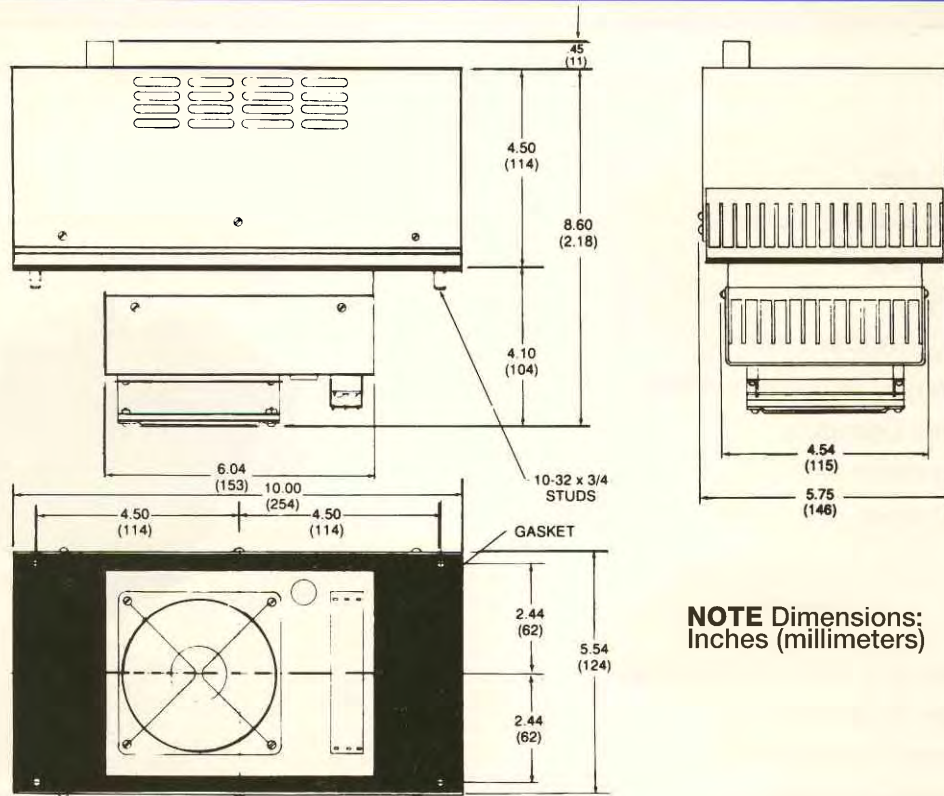
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number       | AHP-301FF         |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| • Input Voltage    | 115/230 VAC       |
| • Input Current    | 1.2/0.6 Amps      |
| • Frequency        | 50/60 Hz          |
| • Minimum Ambient  | -28°C / -20°F     |
| • Maximum Ambient  | +70°C / + 158°F   |
| • Enclosure Rating | Nema-12           |
| • Weight           | 12 lbs. / 5.4 Kg. |

 Toll Free (888) TECA USA (832-2872)

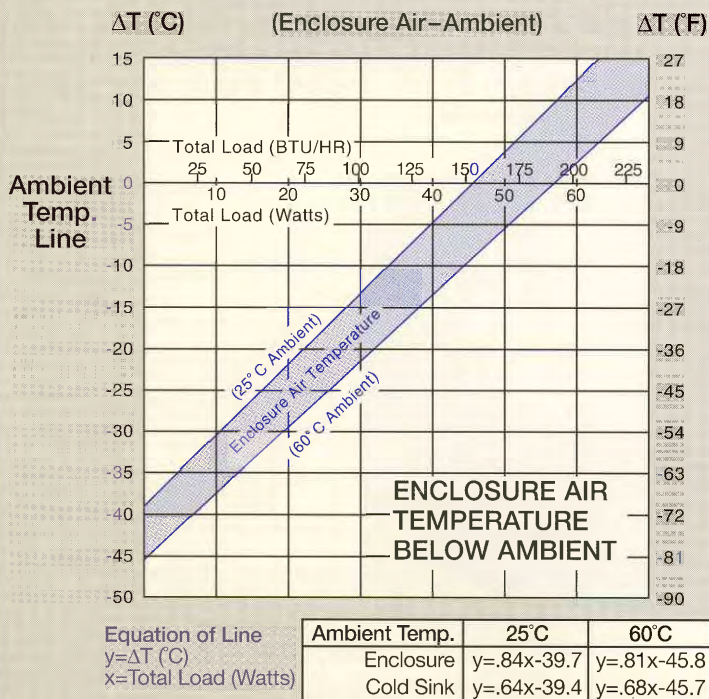


## Dimensions:

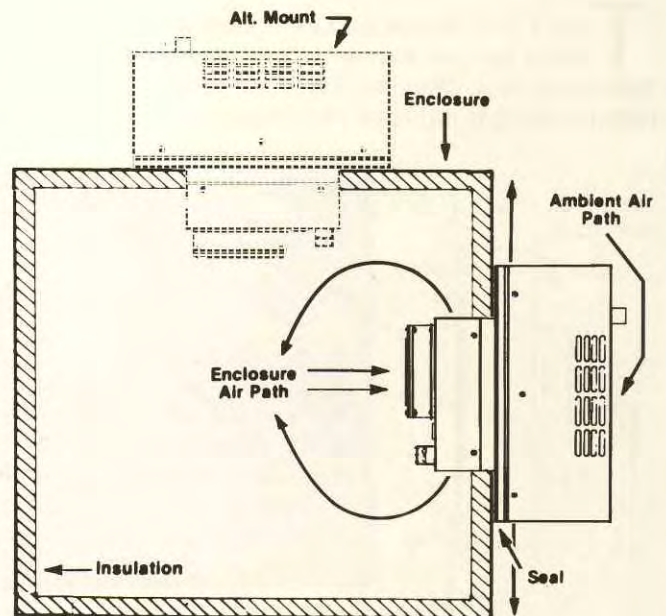


**NOTE** Dimensions:  
Inches (millimeters)

## Performance Curve: AHP-301FF



## Typical Mounting Method





Fin Rating 110-135 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Fin)

Air Rating 90-110 Btu/Hr  
(Ambient to Cold Side Air)

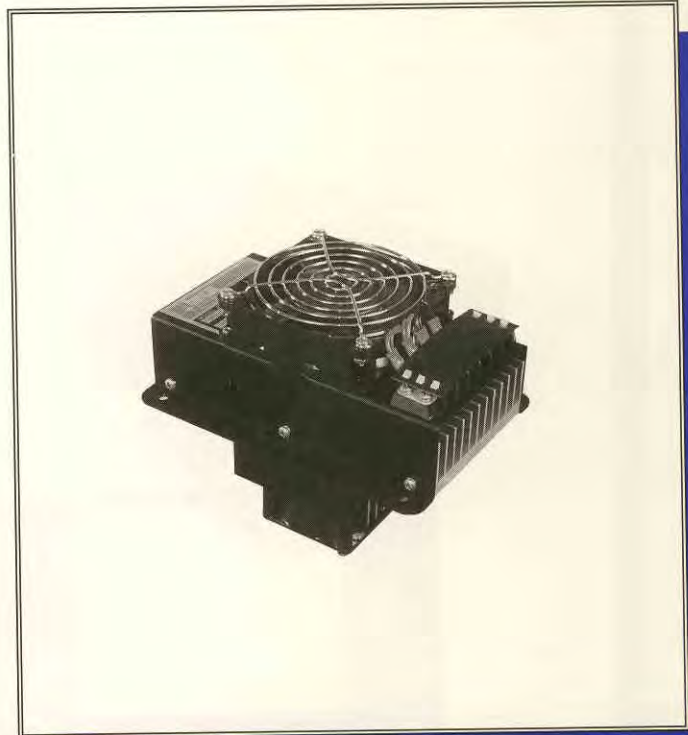
Heating: 245Btu/Hr  
72 Watts (Optional)

### Features:

- Our Smallest DC Input System!  
(7" L x 5" W x 6.2" D)
- Weighs only 3.25 Lbs.
- 12 or 24 VDC Input
- Ambient Range, -10°C to +70°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Nema-12 Rating Maintained
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Options:

- Heat/Cool Model, AHP-150FFHC (24 VDC)
- DC Power Supply (PS80-12)
- TC-6FDC Thermostat (Cool Only)
- TC-3FDC Thermostat (Heat/Cool)



### Cools Video Surveillance Equipment, Cameras, Computers & Other Electronic Equipment

**T**eca's AHP-Series air conditioners are designed to mount with portions on both the inside and outside of the enclosure. There is no air exchange from internal to ambient. A stud/gasketed mounting insures your Nema integrity. Internal fans recirculate cool, clean air only! Due to space constraints, wiring is terminated from the hot (ambient) side on this model. If internal wiring is required, please consult factory. Ideal for harsh remote environments.

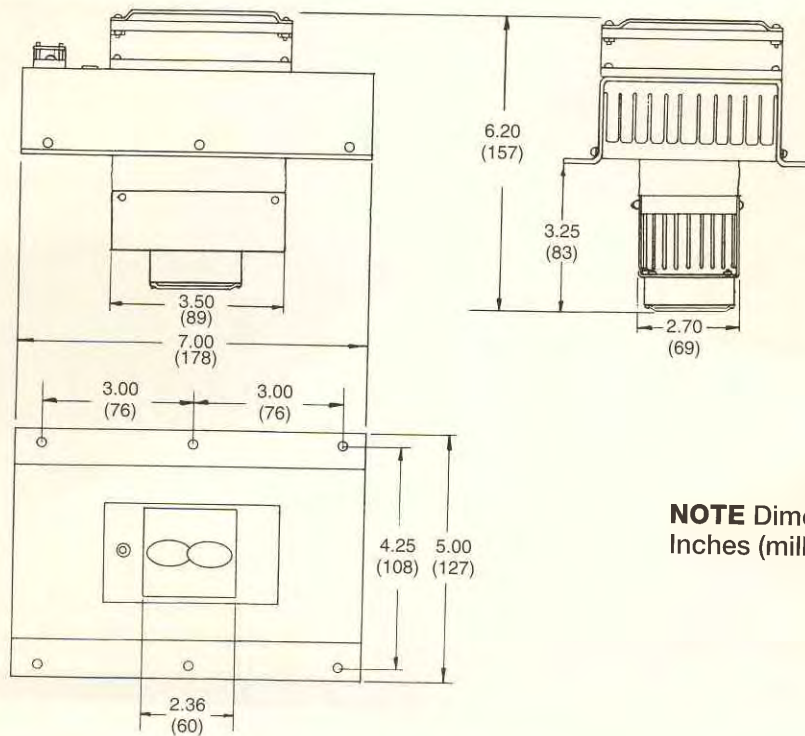
#### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number       | AHP-150FF                            |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| • Input Voltage    | 12/24 VDC (Factory Wired for 12 VDC) |
| • Input Current    | 6.25/3.5 Amps                        |
| • Minimum Ambient  | -10°C / +14°F                        |
| • Maximum Ambient  | +70°C / + 158°F                      |
| • Enclosure Rating | Nema-12                              |
| • Weight           | 3.25 lbs. / 1.5 Kg.                  |
| • Thermostat       | Optional                             |

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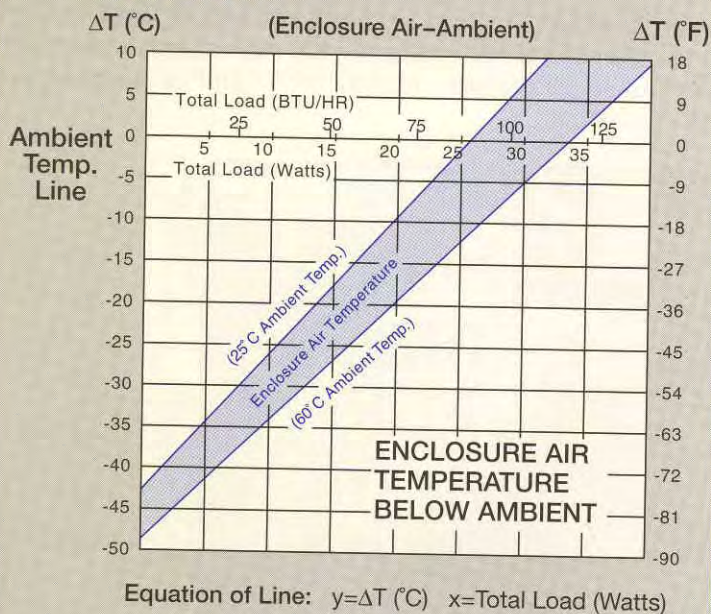


## Dimensions:



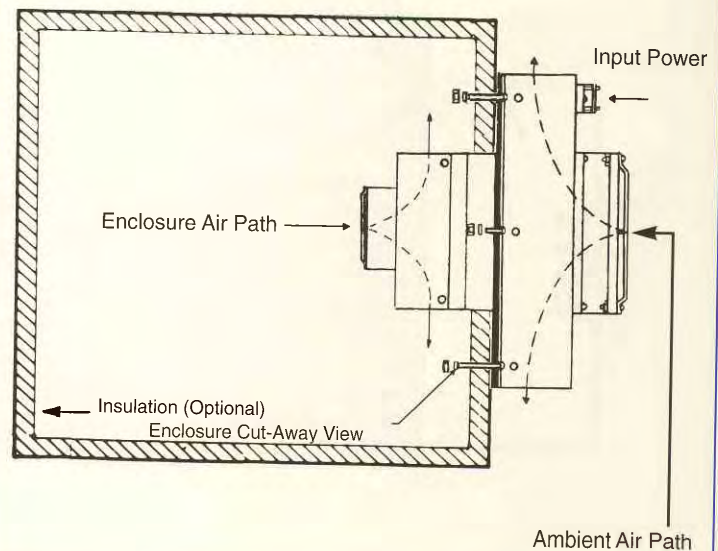
**NOTE** Dimensions:  
Inches (millimeters)

## Performance Curve: AHP-150FF



|           |                  |                  |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Ambient   | 25°C             | 60°C             |
| Enclosure | $y = 1.65x - 43$ | $y = 1.48x - 49$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





Air Rating (LHP-1702FF) 1050-1300 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Air)

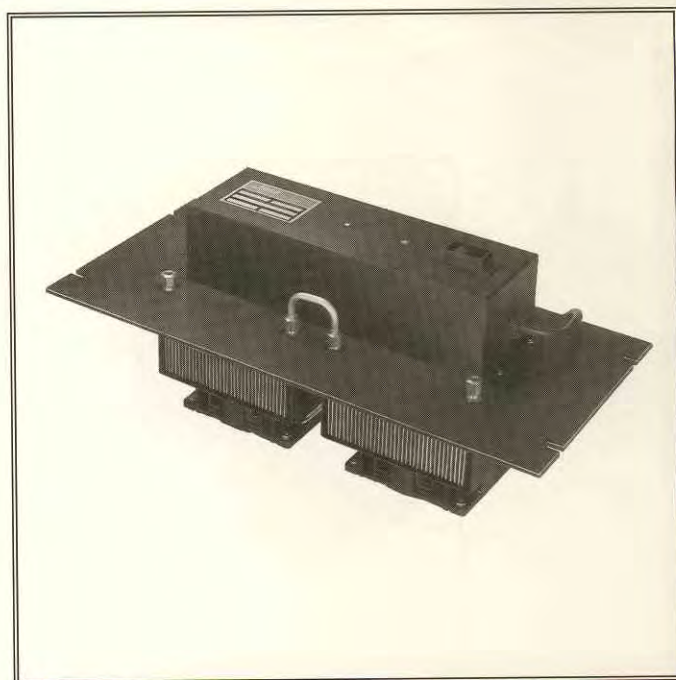
Air Rating (LHP-1700FF) 900-1000 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Standard 19" Rack Mount
- Compact, only (19" L x 8.75" W x 8.8" D)
- Ambient Range, -30°C to +80°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Adaptable to Explosion-Proof Applications
- Available in 115 or 230 VAC
- Mounts in any Orientation
- Includes integral power supply

### Options:

- Heaters (400 Watts)  
Model: LHP-1700FFHC (incl. TC-3F)  
Model: LHP-1702FFHC (incl. TC-3F)
- Temperature Control



## Applications in Pulp and Paper Mills, Machine Tools, & Electronics

**T**eca's LHP-Series air conditioners are constructed with anodized aluminum liquid jackets with stainless steel fittings. You provide a constant flow of liquid as a heat removal source. Combining these features with thermoelectric modules make the LHP-series capable of both high capacity and high temperature differentials. Model LHP-1700FF is designed for 115 VAC applications and model LHP-1702FF is designed for 230 VAC input.

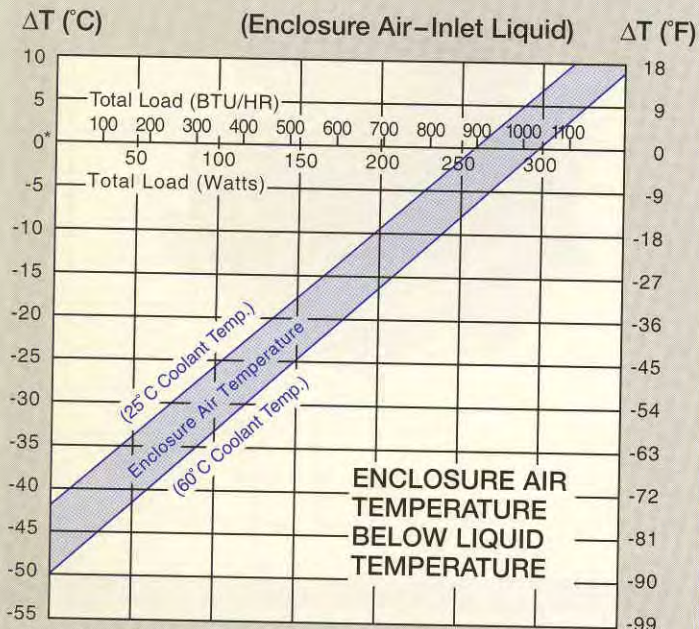
### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number        | LHP-1700FF        | LHP-1702FF        |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| • Input Voltage     | 115 VAC           | 230 VAC           |
| • Input Current     | 6.3-7.3 Amps RMS  | 5.9-6.6 Amps RMS  |
| • Frequency         | 50/60 Hz          | 50/60 Hz          |
| • Minimum Ambient   | -30°C / -21°F     | -30°C / -21°F     |
| • Maximum Ambient   | +80°C / + 176°F   | +80°C / + 176°F   |
| • Minimum Flow Rate | 0.5 GPM (2 L/M)   | 0.5 GPM (2 L/M)   |
| • Enclosure Rating  | Nema-12           | Nema-12           |
| • Weight            | 21 lbs. / 9.8 Kg. | 21 lbs. / 9.8 Kg. |
| • Thermostat        | Optional          | Optional          |

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## Performance Curve: LHP-1700FF

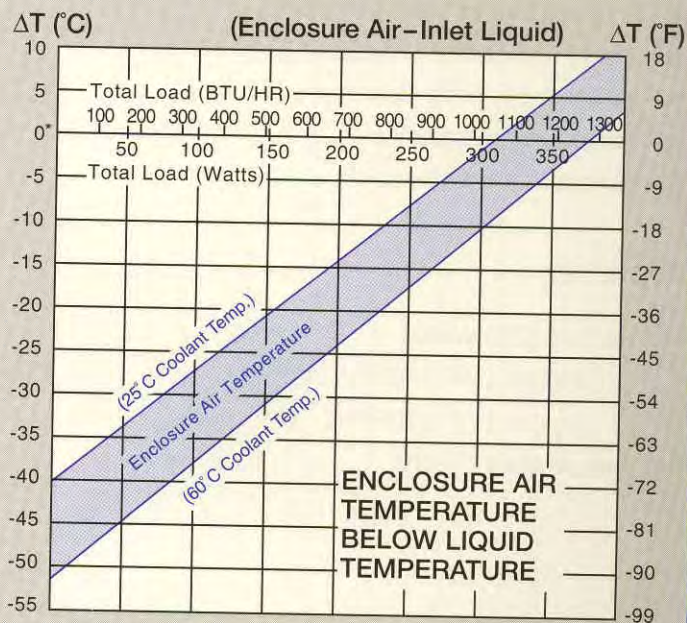


Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Liquid Temp. | 25°C              | 60°C              |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Enclosure    | $y = .16x - 47.0$ | $y = .14x - 51.0$ |

\*Inlet Liquid Temp. Line

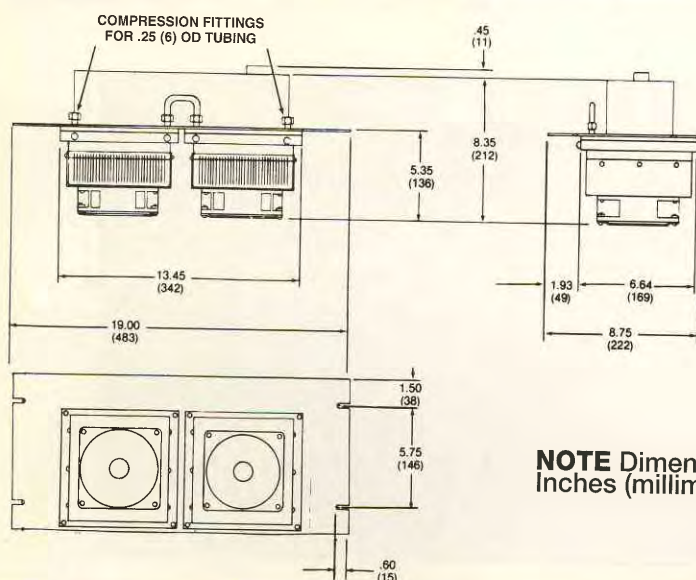
## Performance Curve: LHP-1702FF



Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

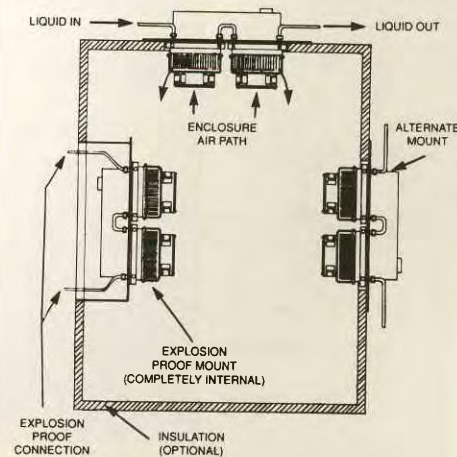
| Liquid Temp. | 25°C             | 60°C             |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| Enclosure    | $y = .129x - 40$ | $y = .139x - 52$ |

\*Inlet Liquid Temp. Line



**NOTE** Dimensions:  
Inches (millimeters)

## Typical Mounting Method





Air Rating (LHP-800FF) 500-575 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Air)

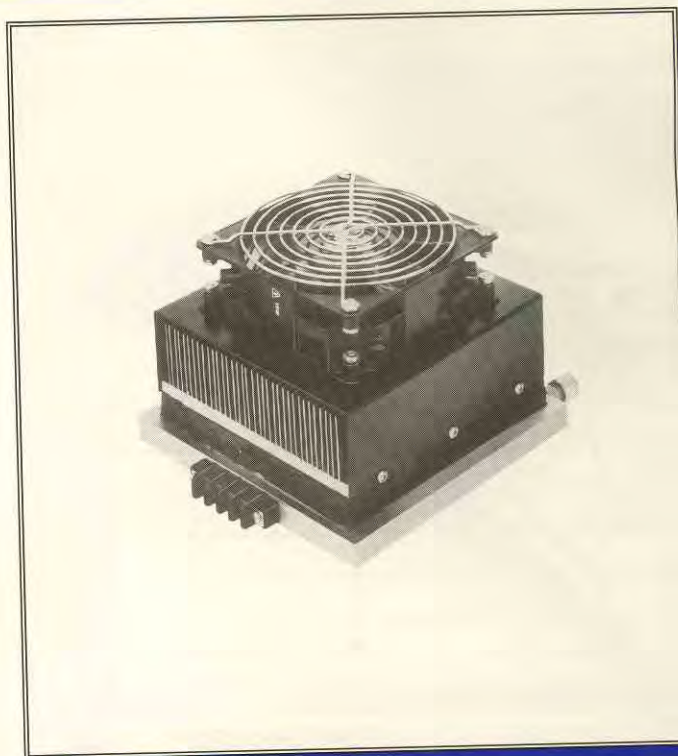
Air Rating (LHP-810FF) 550-650 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Air)

### Features:

- Compact, only (8.06" L x 6.62" W x 5.5" D)
- Ambient Range, -30°C to +80°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Adaptable to Explosion-Proof Applications
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Options:

- Heaters (200 Watts)  
Model: LHP-800FFHC  
Model: LHP-810FFHC
- Temperature Control



## Applications in Pulp and Paper Mills, Machine Tools, & Electronics

**T**eca's LHP-Series air conditioners are constructed with anodized aluminum liquid jackets with stainless steel fittings. You provide a constant flow of liquid as a heat removal source. Combining these features with thermoelectric modules make the LHP-series capable of both high capacity and high temperature differentials. Model LHP-800FF is designed for 30 VDC input, while the LHP-810FF is designed for 130 VDC input.

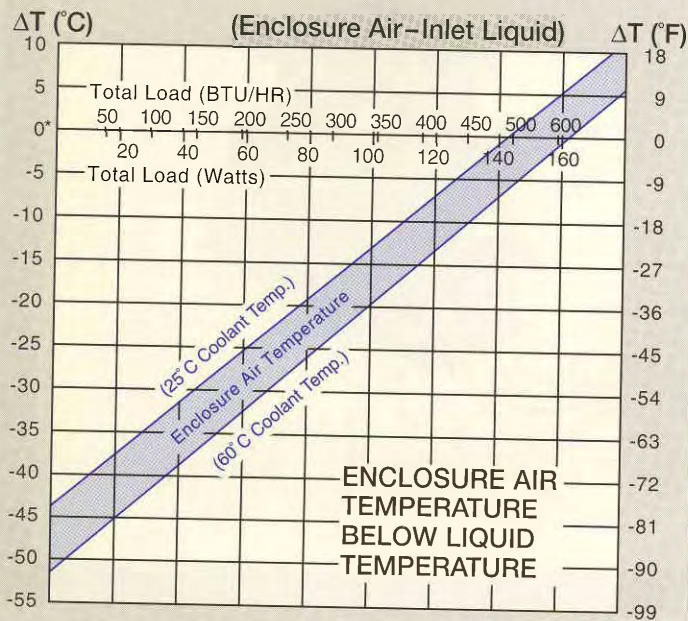
### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number          | LHP-800FF        | LHP-810FF        |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| • Input Voltage       | 30 VDC           | 120 VDC          |
| • Input Current       | 10 Amps          | 4 Amps           |
| • Minimum Ambient     | -30°C / -21°F    | -30°C / -21°F    |
| • Maximum Ambient     | +80°C / + 176°F  | +80°C / + 176°F  |
| • Minimum Flow Rate   | 0.5 GPM (2 L/M)  | 0.5 GPM (2 L/M)  |
| • Enclosure Rating    | Nema-12          | Nema-12          |
| • Weight              | 7 lbs. / 3.2 Kg. | 7 lbs. / 3.2 Kg. |
| • Thermostat          | Optional         | Optional         |
| • Power Supply (Opt.) | PS400-30         | PS-130           |

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## Performance Curve: LHP-800FF

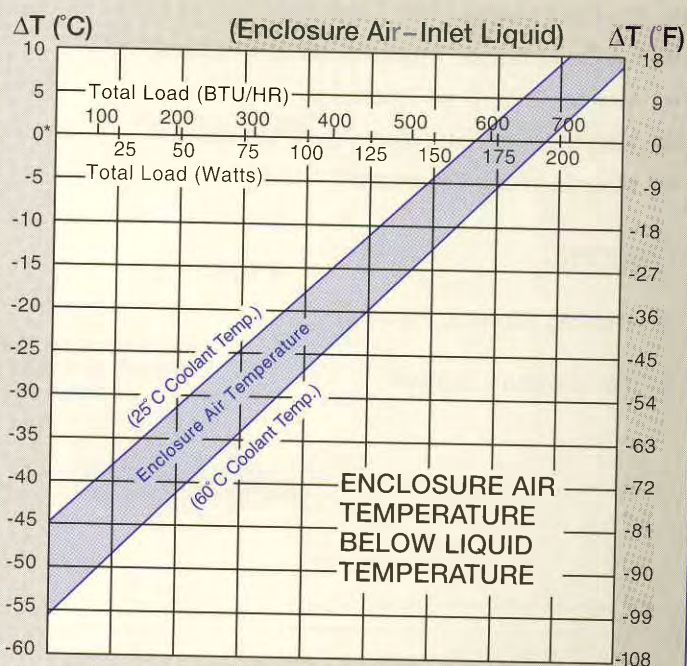


Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T$  (°C)  
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Liquid Temp. | 25°C              | 60°C              |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Enclosure    | $y = .32x - 44.5$ | $y = .32x - 52.0$ |

\*Inlet Liquid Temp. Line

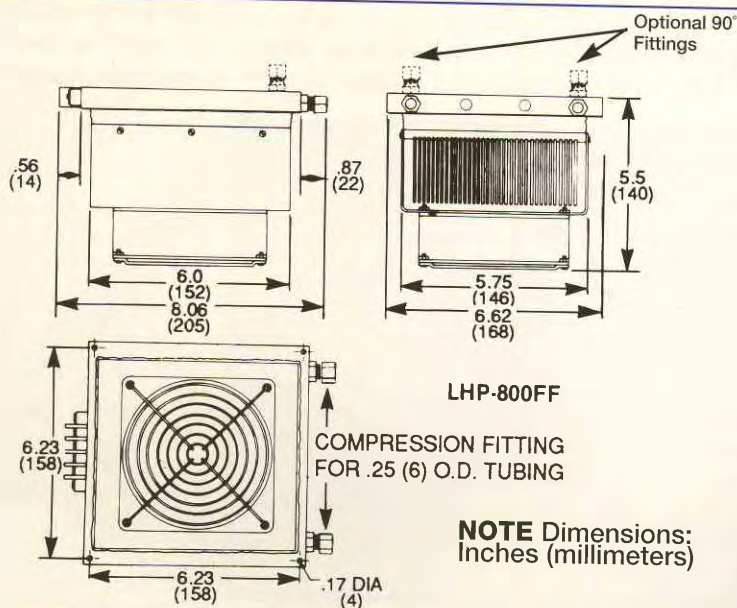
## Performance Curve: LHP-810FF



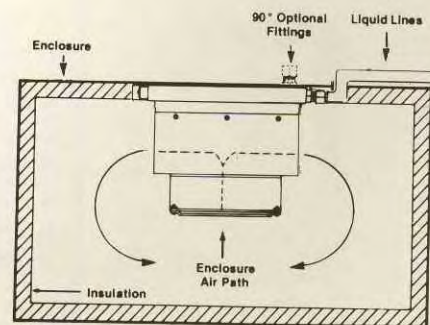
Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T$  (°C)  
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Liquid Temp. | 25°C            | 60°C             |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Enclosure    | $y = .28x - 45$ | $y = .295x - 56$ |

\*Inlet Liquid Temp. Line



## Typical Mounting Method





## LHP-300FF

## Solid-State Air Conditioner, Liquid Cooled

Air Rating 290-325 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Air)

Fin Rating 200-240 Btu/Hr  
(Liquid Inlet to Cold Side Fin)

### Features:

- Compact, only (5.43" L x 4" W x 4.5" D)
- Ambient Range, -30°C to +80°C
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation
- Adaptable to Explosion-Proof Applications
- Mounts in any Orientation

### Options:

- Heating (Consult Factory)
- Temperature Control



## Applications in Pulp and Paper Mills, Machine Tools, & Electronics

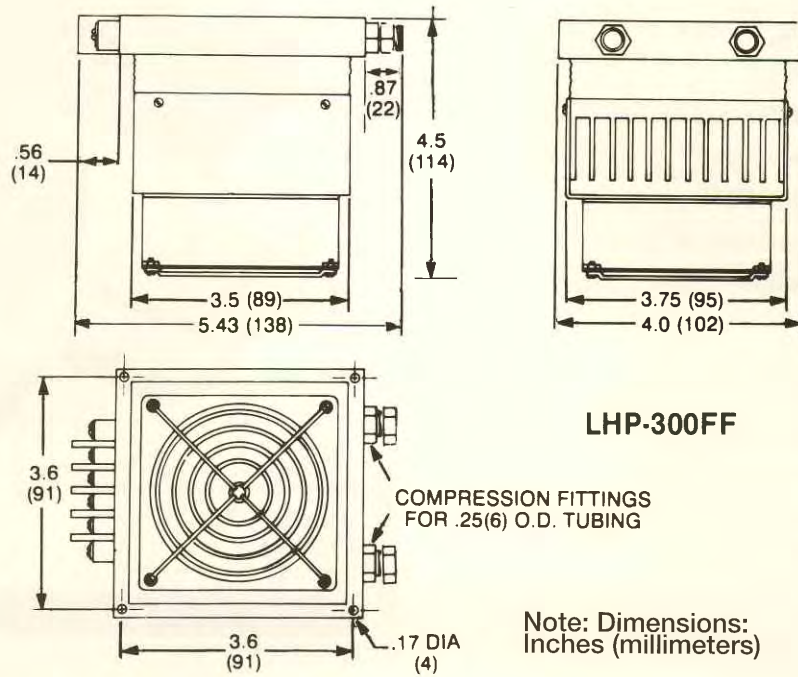
**T**eca's LHP-Series air conditioners are constructed with anodized aluminum liquid jackets with stainless steel fittings. You provide a constant flow of liquid as a heat removal source. Combining these features with thermoelectric modules make the LHP-series capable of both high capacity and high temperature differentials. Model LHP-300FF is designed for 24 VDC input for the Thermoelectric modules and 115 VAC input for the fan. A DC power supply is available, model PS160-24.

### SPECIFICATIONS:

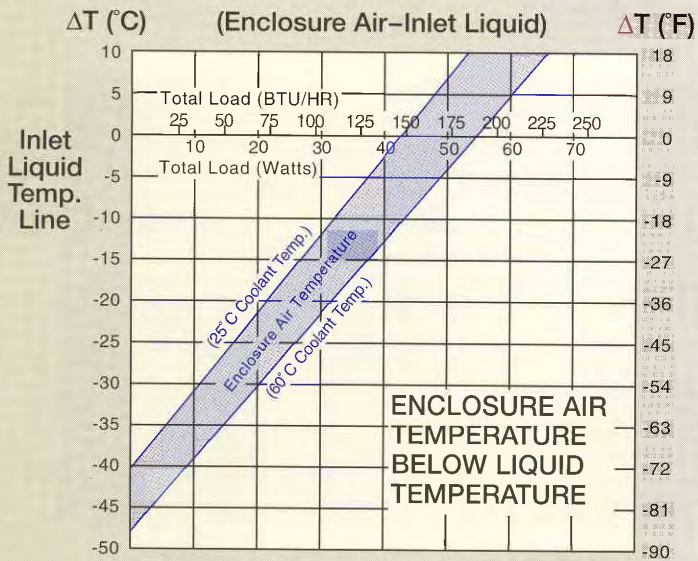
| Model Number          | LHP-300FF                    |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| • Input Voltage       | 24 VDC (T.E.), 115 VAC (Fan) |
| • Input Current       | 4.5 Amps (T.E.)              |
| • Minimum Ambient     | -30°C / -21°F                |
| • Maximum Ambient     | +80°C / + 176°F              |
| • Minimum Flow Rate   | 0.1 GPM (.4 L/M)             |
| • Enclosure Rating    | Nema-12                      |
| • Weight              | 2.75 lbs. / 1.25 Kg.         |
| • Thermostat          | Optional                     |
| • Power Supply (Opt.) | PS160-24                     |

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## Performance Curve: LHP-300FF



Please Note: Performance curves relative to flow rate of 0.6 L/Min

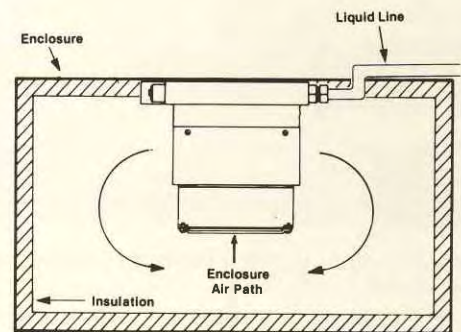
Equation of Line

$y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$

$x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Liquid Temp. | 25°C              | 60°C              |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Enclosure    | $y = .59x - 35.5$ | $y = .59x - 41.5$ |
| Cold Sink    | $y = .51x - 43.0$ | $y = .52x - 49.0$ |

## Typical Mounting Method





## Features:

- No Load Cooling to  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ , at room temperature of  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Bench-top Models available
- AC & DC Input Models
- Ambient Range,  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation

## Options:

- Heat/Cool Models
- DC Power Supplies
- Temperature Control



## Applications in Instrumentation, Laboratory and Component Cooling

TECA's smallest air cooled cold plate, model AHP-150CP, comes with a standard 12 or 24 VDC input. Higher capacity is achieved with the AHP-1200CP, delivering up to 160 Watts of cooling from a standard AC input. Precise temperature control is available with our digital temperature controllers, models 3200 or 965.

### SPECIFICATIONS:

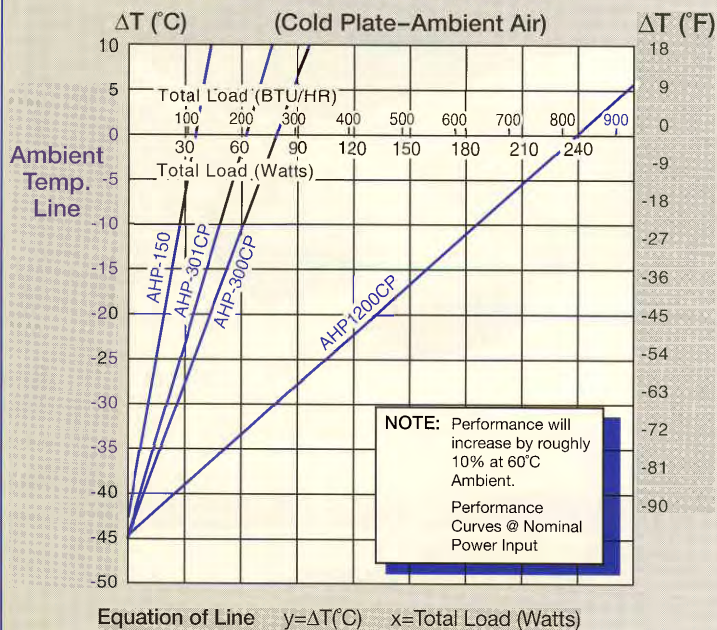
| Model Number | Capacity<br>Btu/Hr (Watts) | Input Voltage<br>(Volts) | Input Current<br>(Amps) | Heating (Optional)<br>Btu/Hr (Watts) | Weight<br>Lbs. (Kg) |
|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| AHP-150CP    | 125 (37)                   | 12*/24<br>VDC            | 6.25/3.5                | 245 (72)<br>24 VDC Input             | 3.5 (1.6 )          |
| AHP-300CP    | 265 (78)                   | 12/24*/48<br>VDC         | 12.5/6.3/3.1            | 245 (72)<br>24 VDC Input             | 6.0 (2.7)           |
| AHP-301CP    | 225 (66)                   | 115*/230<br>VAC          | 1.4/0.7                 | 340 (100)                            | 10.5 (4.8)          |
| AHP-1200CP   | 560 (164)                  | 115VAC                   | 4                       | 680 (200)                            | 25.7 (11.7)         |

\* Standard Factory Wiring (Terminal jumpers are provided for alternate voltages)

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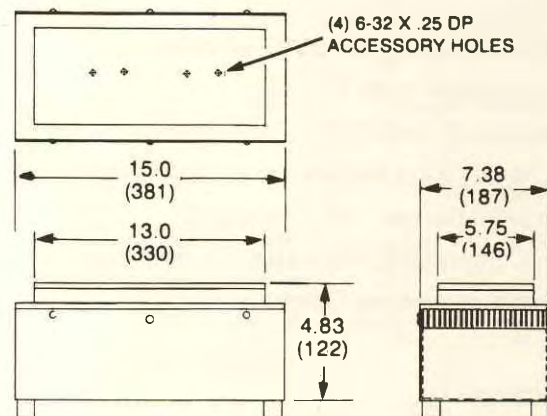


## Performance Curve: AHP-150/AHP-300CP/ AHP-301CP/AHP-1200CP



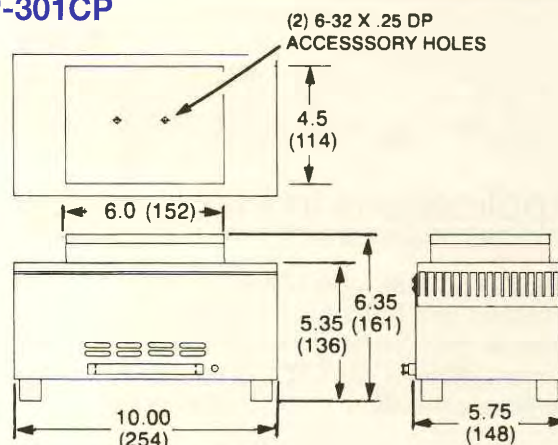
| COLD PLATE PERFORMANCE @ 25°C AMBIENT TEMPERATURE |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| MODEL                                             | AHP-150           | AHP-300CP         | AHP-301CP         | AHP-1200CP        |
| EQUATION                                          | $y = 1.2x - 44.0$ | $y = .60x - 46.4$ | $y = .69x - 45.2$ | $y = .19x - 45.0$ |

## AHP-1200CP



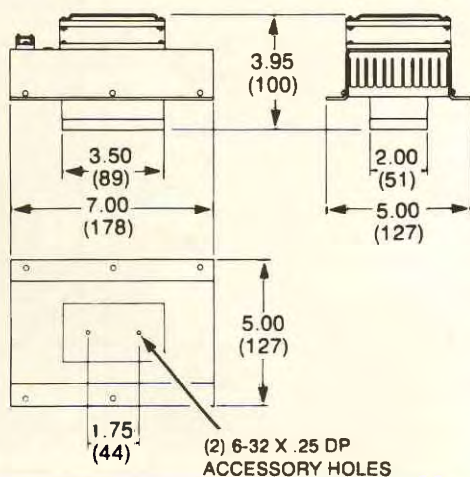
NOTE: 10-32 X 3/4 STUDS AND GASKET NOT SHOWN

## AHP-301CP

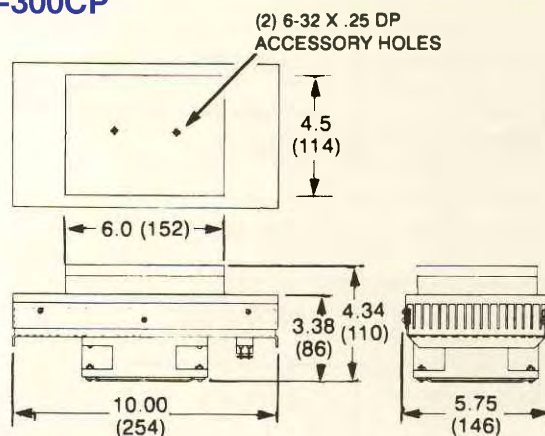


NOTE: 10-32 X 3/4 STUDS AND GASKET NOT SHOWN

## AHP-150CP



## AHP-300CP



NOTE: 10-32 X 3/4 STUDS AND GASKET NOT SHOWN

Dimensions: Inches (millimeters)

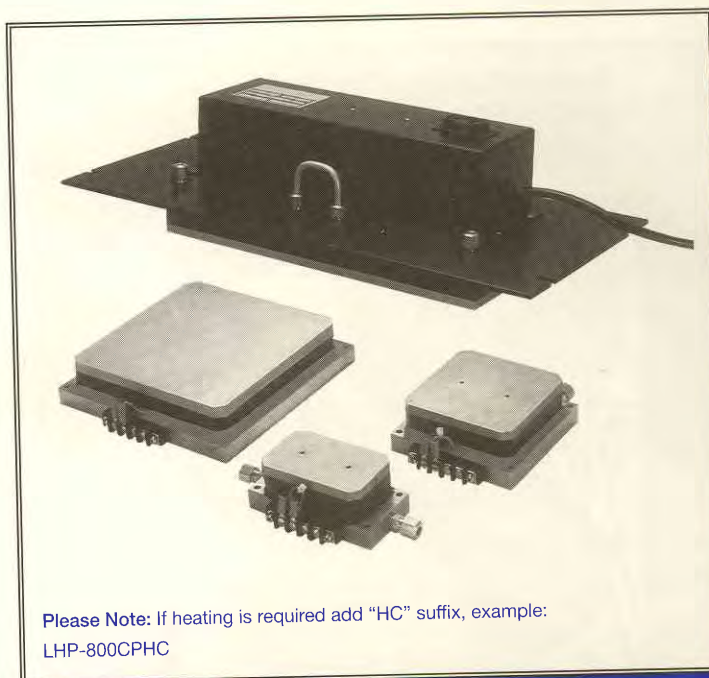


## Features:

- No Load Cooling to  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , at room temperature of  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- No Moving Parts
- AC & DC Input Models
- Ambient Range,  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$
- No Compressor, Fluorocarbons, or Filters
- Maintenance-Free Operation

## Options:

- Heat/Cool Models
- DC Power Supplies
- Temperature Control



Please Note: If heating is required add "HC" suffix, example:  
LHP-800CPHC

## Applications in Instrumentation, Laboratory and Component Cooling

**T**eca's smallest cold plate, model LHP-150, comes with a standard 12 input. It combines the use of thermoelectric cooling and liquid heat transfer to maximize the performance and efficiency. Greater C.O.P.'s can be achieved by operating at lower power levels. The LHP-1700CP is our largest liquid cooled cold plate designed to operate direct from 115 VAC input, model LHP-1702CP operates from 230 VAC input. Precise temperature control is available with our digital temperature controllers, models 3200 or 965.

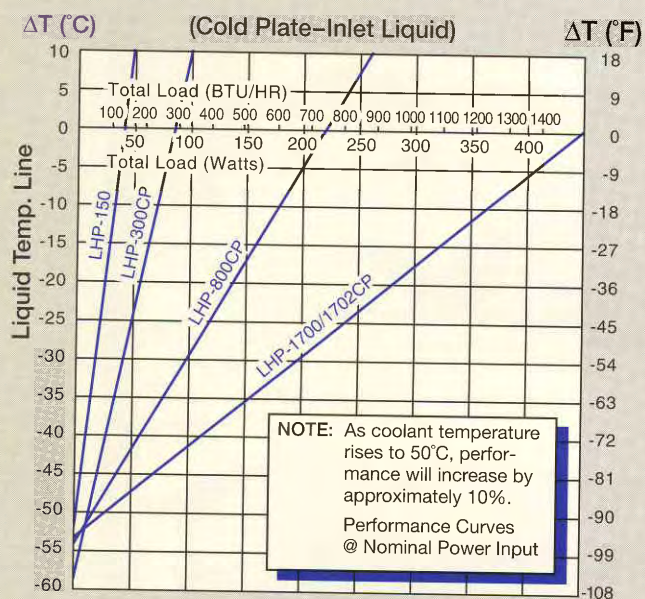
### SPECIFICATIONS:

| Model Number | Capacity<br>Btu/Hr (Watts) | Input               | Min. Flow<br>Required | Heating (Optional)<br>Btu/Hr (Watts) | Weight<br>Lbs. (Kg) |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| LHP-150CP    | 135 (40)                   | 12 VDC<br>4.5 Amps  | .05 GPM               | 123 (36)<br>12 VDC Input             | .75 (.34)           |
| LHP-300CP    | 300 (88)                   | 24 VDC<br>4.5 Amps  | .05 GPM               | 246 (72)<br>24 VDC Input             | 1.75 (.80)          |
| LHP-800CP    | 750 (220)                  | 30 VDC<br>10 Amps   | 0.5 GPM               | 680 (200)<br>115 VAC Input           | 5.2 (2.4)           |
| LHP-1700CP   | 1500 (450)                 | 115 VAC<br>6 Amps   | 0.5 GPM               | 1360 (400)<br>115 VAC Input          | 19.75 (9.0)         |
| LHP-1702CP   | 1500 (450)                 | 230 VAC<br>4.5 Amps | 0.5 GPM               | 1360 (400)<br>230 VAC Input          | 19.75 (9.0)         |

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## Performance Curves: LHP-150/LHP-300CP/ LHP-800CP/LHP-1700CP/LHP-1702CP

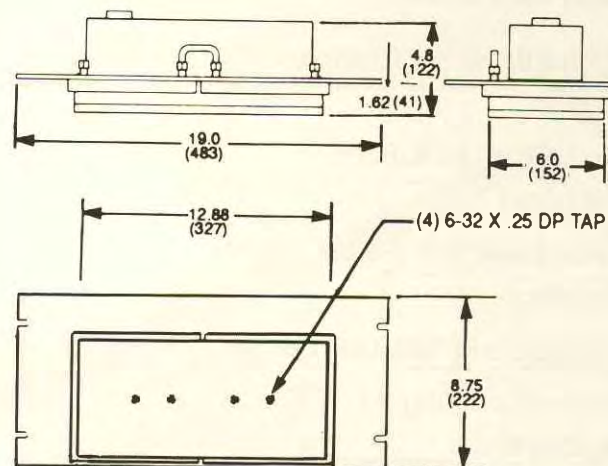


### COLD PLATE PERFORMANCE @ 25°C LIQUID TEMPERATURE

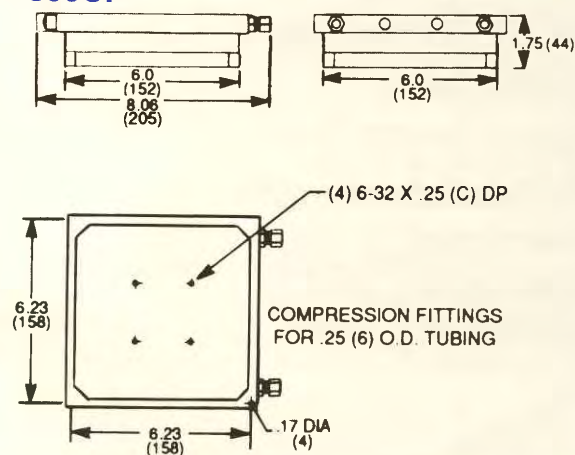
| MODEL    | LHP-150            | LHP-300CP         | LHP-800CP         | LHP-1700CP/LHP1702CP |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| EQUATION | $y = 1.31x - 52.0$ | $y = .66x - 58.0$ | $y = .25x - 54.0$ | $y = .12x - 54.0$    |

Equation of Line:  $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}C)$ ,  $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

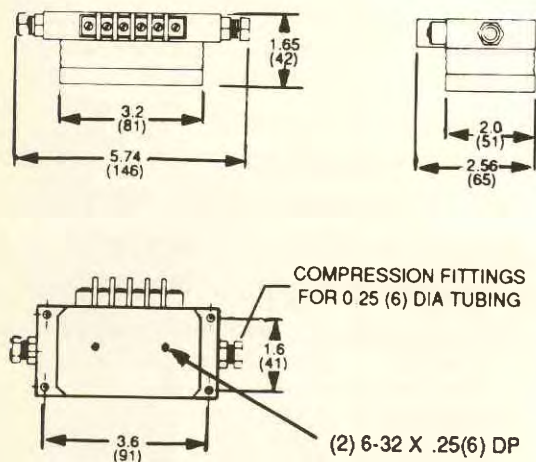
## LHP-1700CP/LHP-1702CP



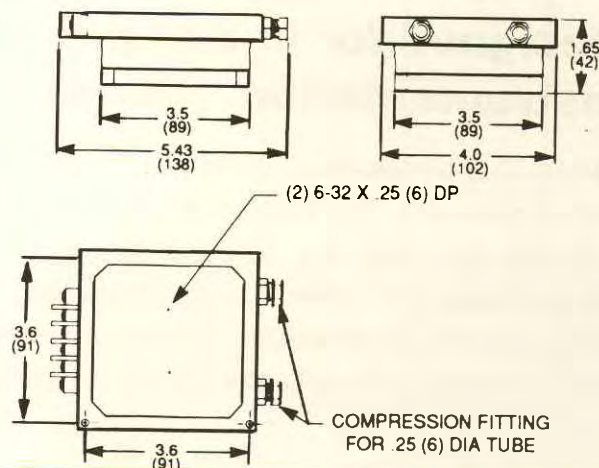
## LHP-800CP



## LHP-150



## LHP-300CP



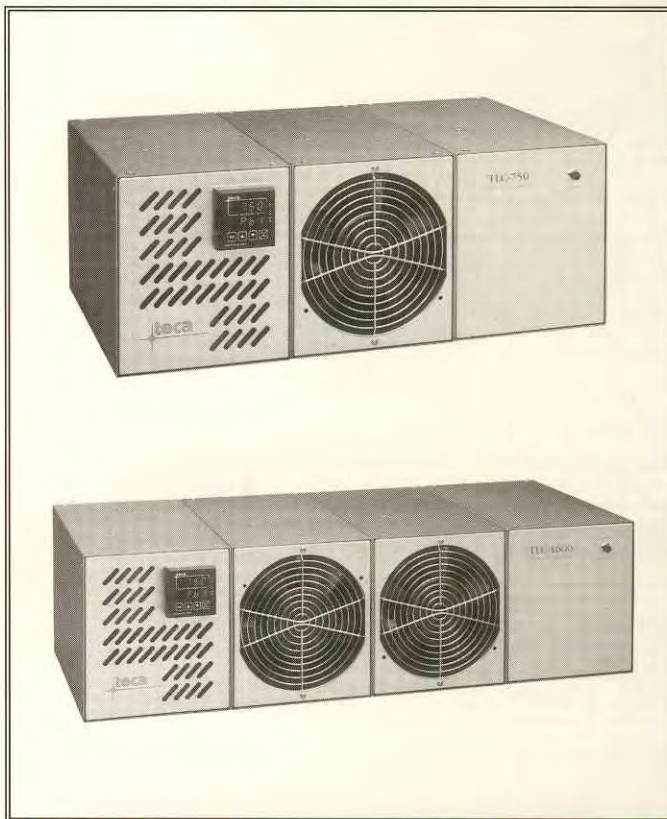
Dimensions: Inches (millimeters)



**COMPLETE SYSTEM — RATING: 600-1400 BTU/h**

## Features:

- High Efficiency/ Compact Design
- No CFC's or HCFC's Required
- Thermoelectric (Peltier) Style Cooling
- Durable and Modular Design
- No load cooling 21-37°C from ambient
- TLC-750 (600-675 BTU/h)
- TLC-1600 (1350-1550 BTU/h)
- Optional Low Noise Version
- Optional Heating
- Attractive Anodize Finish
- One Pass Airflow (Front to Back)
- Quick Coupling, Shut Off Valve Fittings



## Designed for in-line process cooling, instrumentation, lasers

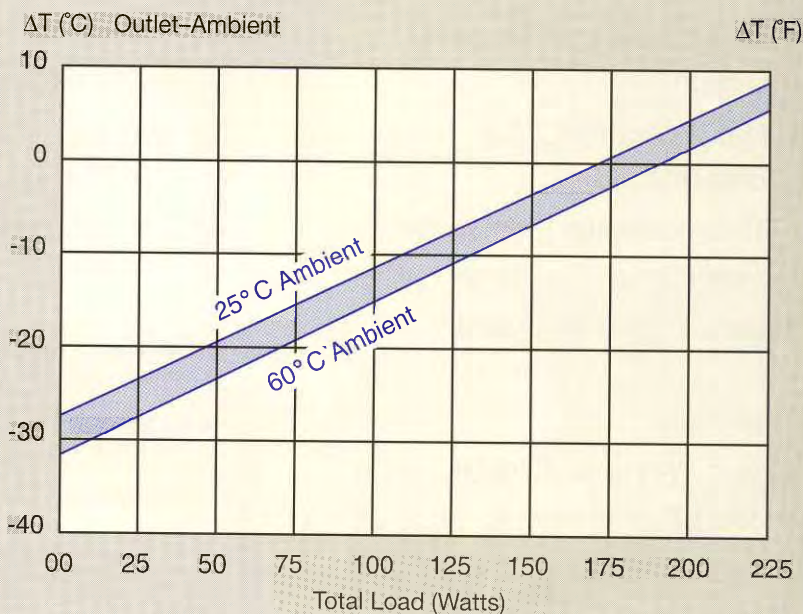
Teca's TLC-series liquid chillers differ from the ALC-series in that they are designed as complete packaged units. The TLC-series includes a seal-less magnetic drive pump and a 1 liter reservoir with low level indicator. Optional temperature control (Model 965 or 3200), can be offered as an integral package to the TLC-series. With today's growing concerns about the adverse effect that CFC's (chloro-fluorocarbons) have on the environment, thermoelectric cooling technology is an environmentally friendly solution to tomorrow's problems.



## Specifications:

| MODELS                                                                                                | TLC-750            | TLC-1600             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| CAPACITY                                                                                              |                    |                      |
| Cooling (Btu/Hr)<br>(Watts)                                                                           | 600-635<br>175-200 | 1350-1400<br>375-400 |
| Heating (Optional)                                                                                    |                    |                      |
| INPUT                                                                                                 |                    |                      |
| Voltage                                                                                               | 115 VAC            | 115 VAC              |
| Current-RMS (35°C)                                                                                    | 3.9 Amps AC        | 5.3 Amps AC          |
| Current-RMS (50°C)                                                                                    | 3.6 Amps AC        | 5.1 Amps AC          |
| Frequency (Hz)                                                                                        | 50/60              | 50/60                |
| TEMPERATURE CONTROL                                                                                   |                    |                      |
| Digital (Opt.)                                                                                        | 3200 (Cool only)   |                      |
| See Pgs. 42,43                                                                                        | 965 (Heat/Cool)    |                      |
| FLUID                                                                                                 |                    |                      |
| Max Liquid Temp. (°C/°F)                                                                              | 55/130             | 55/130               |
| Max Ambient Temp. (°C/°F)                                                                             | 70/158             | 70/158               |
| Liquid Jacket Material: Aluminum<br>Pump Material: Polypropylene, Ceramic, Viton, 316 Stainless Steel |                    |                      |
| RESERVOIR                                                                                             |                    |                      |
| Capacity (Ltr/Gal.)                                                                                   | 1/.45              | 1/.45                |
| Pressure Relief (PSI)                                                                                 | 25                 | 25                   |
| FAN                                                                                                   |                    |                      |
| Number of Fans                                                                                        | 1                  | 2                    |
| DB (Noise Rating)<br>Single Fan, Not in System                                                        | 47/49 PSIL         | 47/49 PSIL           |
| Optional Quiet Fans: Consult Factory                                                                  |                    |                      |
| DIMENSIONS/WEIGHT                                                                                     |                    |                      |
| Height in. (cm)                                                                                       | 7 (17.8)           | 7 (17.8)             |
| Width in. (cm)                                                                                        | 18.75 (47.63)      | 25 (63.5)            |
| Depth in. (cm)                                                                                        | 10.12 (25.70)      | 10.12 (25.70)        |
| KG (LBS)                                                                                              | 16.8 (37)          | 23.4 (51.5)          |

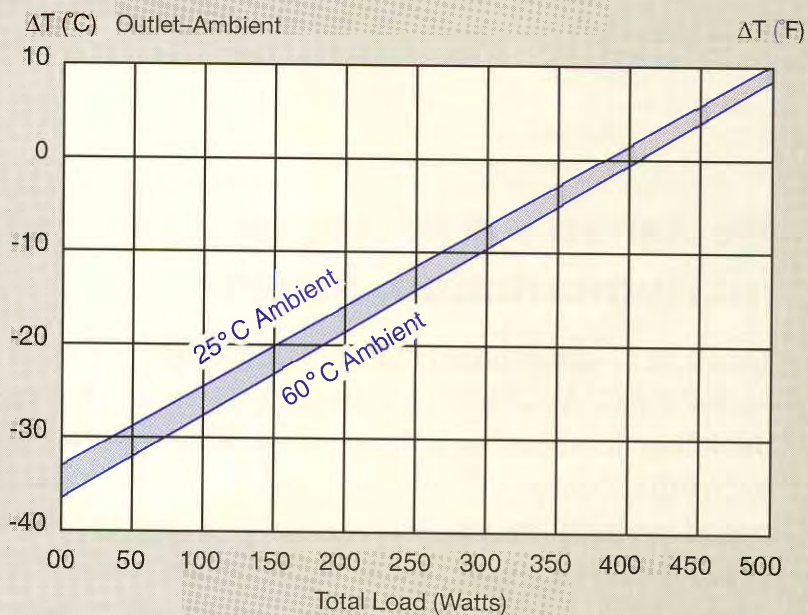
## Performance: TLC-750



Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| Ambient Temp.       | 25°C                | 60°C                |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Cooling Performance | $y = -.166x - 28.7$ | $y = -.168x - 31.3$ |

## Performance: TLC-1600



Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

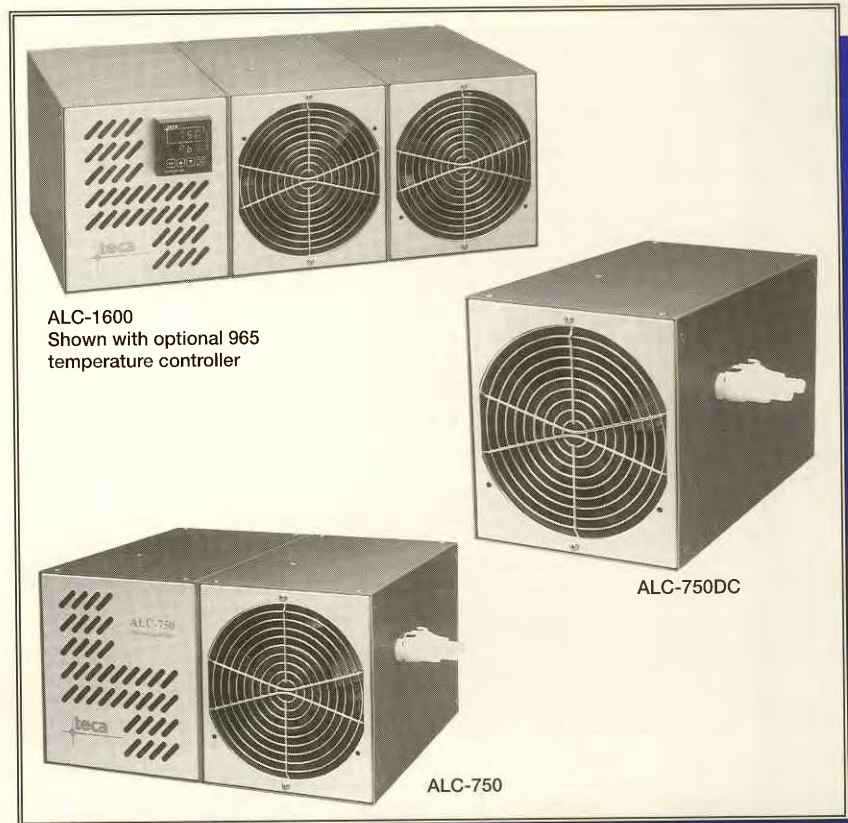
| Ambient Temp.       | 25°C                | 60°C                |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Cooling Performance | $y = -.088x - 33.6$ | $y = -.092x - 37.0$ |



**SUB-SYSTEM — RATING: 600-1700 BTU/h**

## Features:

- High Efficiency/Compact Design
- No CFC's or HCFC's Required
- Thermoelectric (Peltier) Style Cooling
- Durable and Modular Design
- No load cooling 22-45°C from ambient
- ALC-750 or ALC750DC (600-800 BTU/h)
- ALC-1600 (1500-1700 BTU/h)
- Optional Low Noise Versions
- Optional Heating
- Attractive Anodize Finish



## Designed for in-line process cooling, instrumentation, lasers

Teca's ALC-series liquid chillers feature high capacity in a compact design. Models (ALC-750, ALC-750DC, ALC-1600) are designed to maximize liquid cooling without the use of ozone depleting fluorocarbons. A combination of thermoelectric cooling modules and an efficient heat exchanger design give the ALC-series chillers the edge in liquid cooling. Traditional conventional based systems are usually expensive to maintain, bulky, hard to control, and inconvenient to operate. With solid-state cooling, temperature control within one degree along with maintenance-free operation are just some of the benefits that will be experienced.

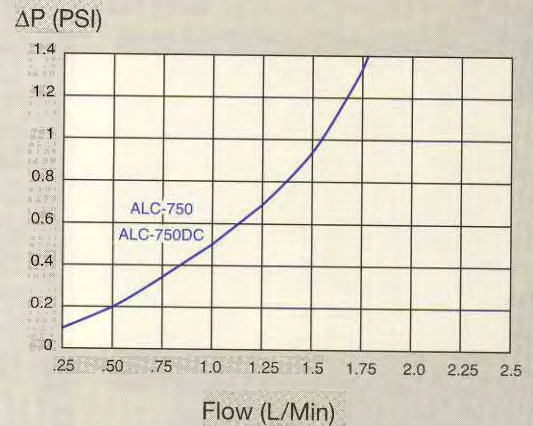
Power supplies are included for models ALC-750 and ALC-1600. Model ALC-750DC is offered with a standard 24 VDC input.



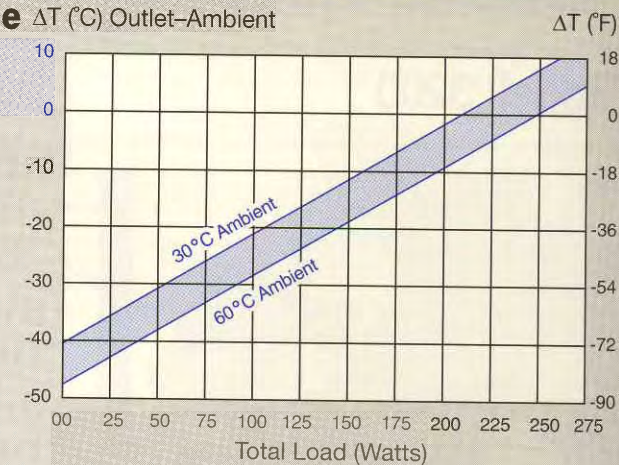
## Specifications:

| MODELS                                         | ALC-750            | ALC-750DC          | ALC-1600             |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| CAPACITY                                       |                    |                    |                      |
| Cooling (Btu/h)<br>(Watts)                     | 715-785<br>210-230 | 785-850<br>230-250 | 1535-1700<br>450-500 |
| Heating (Consult Factory)                      |                    |                    |                      |
| INPUT                                          |                    |                    |                      |
| Voltage                                        | 115 VAC            | 24 VDC             | 115 VAC              |
| Current—RMS (30°C)                             | 3.5 Amps           | 17.5 Amps          | 7.7 Amps             |
| Current—RMS (50°C)                             | 3.2 Amps           | 16.5 Amps          | 6.9 Amps             |
| Frequency (Hz)                                 | 50/60              | n/a                | 50/60                |
| TEMPERATURE CONTROL                            |                    |                    |                      |
| Digital (Opt.)<br>See Pgs. 42,43               | 965<br>3200        | 965DC<br>3200DC    | 965<br>3200          |
| FLUID                                          |                    |                    |                      |
| Max Liquid Temp.                               | 80°C/176°F         |                    |                      |
| Max Ambient Temp.                              | 70°C/158°F         |                    |                      |
| Liquid Jacket Material: Aluminum               |                    |                    |                      |
| FAN                                            |                    |                    |                      |
| Number of Fans                                 | 1 Fan              | 1 Fan              | 2 Fans               |
| DB (Noise Rating)<br>Single Fan, Not in System | 47/49 PSIL         |                    |                      |
| Optional Quiet Fans: Consult Factory           |                    |                    |                      |
| DIMENSIONS/WEIGHT                              |                    |                    |                      |
| Height in. (cm)                                | 7.03<br>(17.9)     | 7.03<br>(17.9)     | 7<br>(17.8)          |
| Width in. (cm)                                 | 12.62<br>(32.1)    | 6.31<br>(16.0)     | 18.75<br>(47.63)     |
| Depth in. (cm)                                 | 10.12<br>(25.7)    | 10.12<br>(25.7)    | 10.12<br>(25.70)     |
| KG (LBS)                                       | 12.3<br>(27)       | 6.6<br>(14.5)      | 18.9<br>(41.5)       |

## Pressure vs. Flow



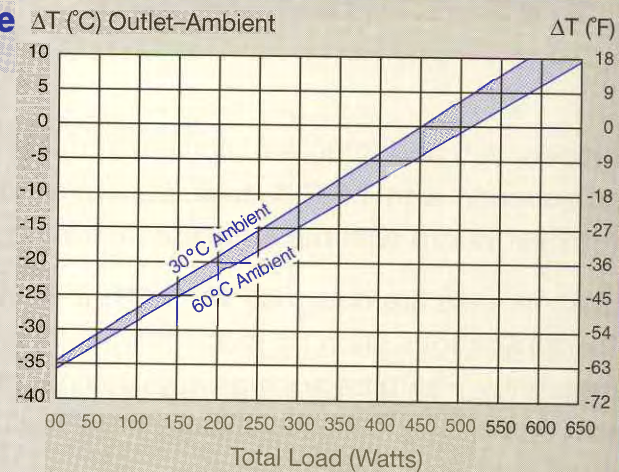
## Performance ALC-750/ALC-750DC



Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| MODEL     | 30°C Ambient       | 50°C Ambient       |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
| ALC-750   | $y = .193x - 40.4$ | $y = .189x - 43.3$ |
| ALC-750DC | $y = .202x - 45.8$ | $y = .195x - 48.4$ |

## Performance ALC-1600



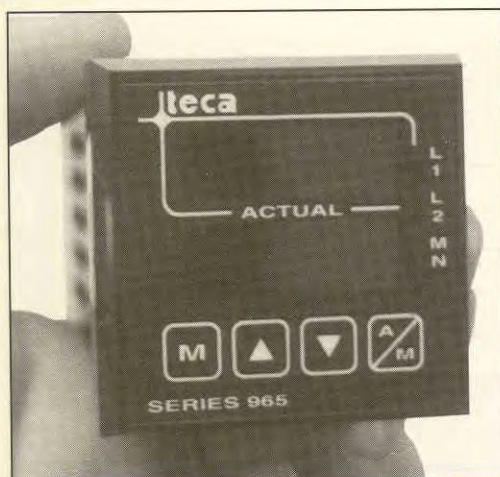
Equation of Line  
 $y = \Delta T (^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $x = \text{Total Load (Watts)}$

| 30°C Ambient       | 50°C Ambient       |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| $y = .076x - 34.3$ | $y = .072x - 36.4$ |



# Temperature Controls    Models: 965, 3200, TC-6F, TC-3F

## Model: 965

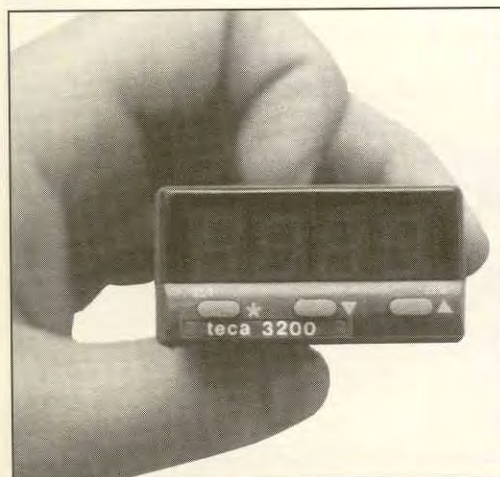


### Features:

- 1/16 DIN
- Cool/Heat
- Dual Display
- Single Set Point

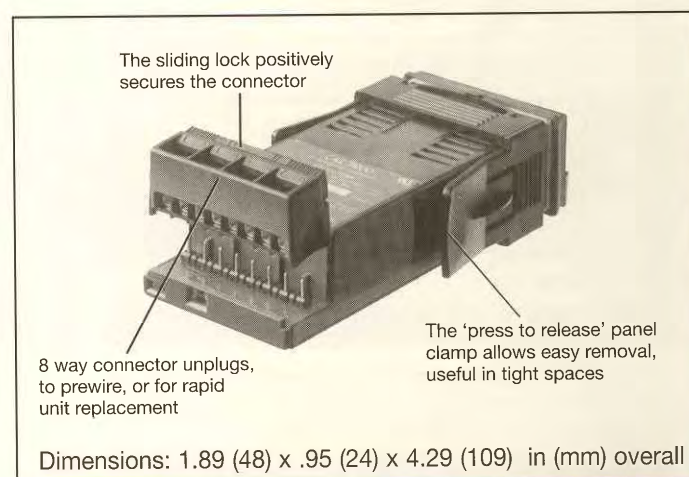


## Model: 3200



### Features:

- 1/32 DIN
- Cool Only
- Single Display
- Single Set Point



Models 965 and 3200 are digital microprocessor based temperature controllers designed to be used in conjunction with T.E.C.A. heat pumps. When ordered as a complete package, simply plug the unit into the heat pump with the supplied connector.

Both models are designed with a NEMA 4X front panel for corrosion and water resistance. This is ideal for applications such as food processing and food packaging, where equipment needs to be cleaned frequently. Features such as auto-tuning, dual output, and single input are available from these microprocessor based controllers. Each unit comes with factory default programming, but can be user modified through a setup menu.



## Temperature Control Specifications

**965**
**3200**

### FEATURES/OPTIONS

|                      |              |              |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| FRONT PANEL DISPLAY  | DUAL         | SINGLE       |
| OPERATOR LOCKOUT     | YES, 4 LEVEL | YES, 4 LEVEL |
| RAMPING TO SET POINT | YES          | NO           |
| MICROPROCESSOR BASED | YES          | YES          |
| TYPE                 | P.I.D.       | P.I.D.       |
| AUTO TUNING          | Yes          | Yes          |
| DATA RETENTION       | Yes          | Yes          |
| OPTIONAL DC INPUT    | 12/24        | 12/24        |

### PHYSICAL

|        |                                    |                                     |
|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SIZE   | 1/16 DIN<br>(2.1 " x 2.1 " x 4.7") | 1/32 DIN<br>(1 .89" x .95" x 4.29") |
| WEIGHT | 8 oz                               | 3.5 oz                              |

### OPERATION

|                   |                         |                          |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| POWER INPUT       | 100-240 VAC             | 90-264 VAC               |
| POWER CONSUMPTION | 5VA                     | 2.5 VA                   |
| SENSOR PROVIDED   | T-type Thermocouple 6'  | T-type Thermocouple 6'   |
| OUTPUT 1          | COOL                    | COOL                     |
| OUTPUT 2          | HEAT or ALARM           |                          |
| ACCURACY          | +/- 0.1% Span +/- 1 LSD | +/- 0.25% Span +/- 1 LSD |
| AMBIENT RANGE     | 0-65°C                  | 0-50°C                   |

### GENERAL

|               |        |            |
|---------------|--------|------------|
| NEMA RATING   | 4X     | 4X         |
| AGENCY RATING | UL/CSA | UL/CSA/VDE |

## TC-6F, TC-3F Fixed Point Thermostat Control

Model TC-6F (Cool Only) thermostat is designed using a magnetic reed sensing switch in conjunction with a solid state relay.

3 Adjustable set points are available with the following settings:

| Position | Control Temperature | Tolerance | Reset Differential |
|----------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 1        | 35°C                | +/- 5°C   | 10°C Maximum       |
| 2        | 25°C                | +/- 5°C   | 10°C Maximum       |
| 3        | Constant Cool       |           |                    |

See controller manual for switch location.

Model TC-3F (Heat/Cool) thermostat is designed with the following technology.

| Mode    | Control Temperature | Tolerance | Reset Differential |
|---------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Cooling | 35°C                | +/- 5°C   | 10°C Maximum       |
| Heating | 10°C                | +/- 5°C   | 10°C Maximum       |

Both models are designed for AC input and control. For DC input models, Consult Factory



# Single Stage ThermoElectric Modules

## Features:

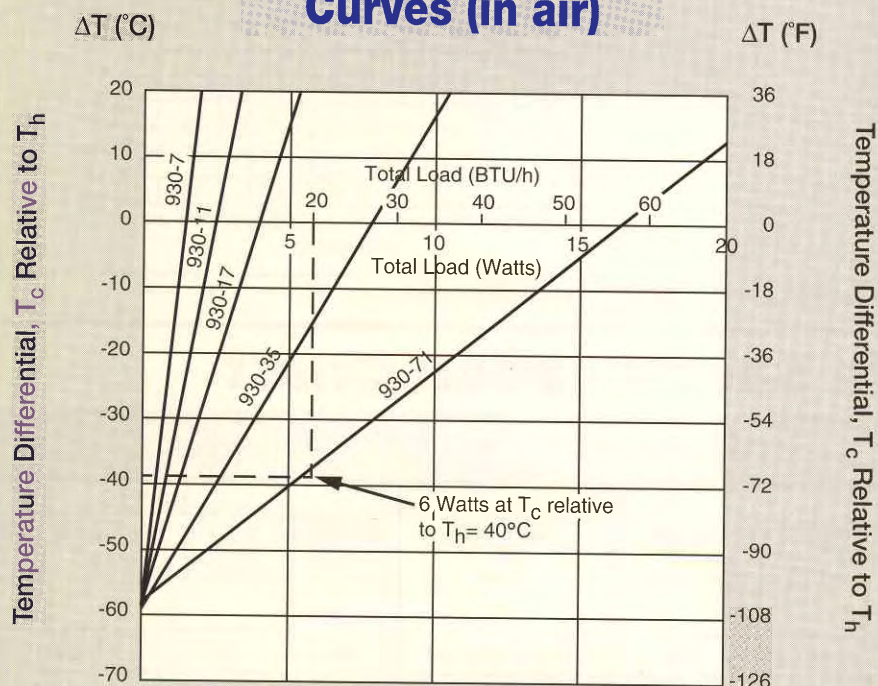
- Operates in  $-150^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-238^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) to  $80^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $+176^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Temperature Range
- No vibration, noise
- Operates in any orientation, horizontal, vertical, etc.
- Can operate in cooling or heating mode
- No moving parts, compressor, or piping required.
- No load cooling to  $-41^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-42^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) With Hot side at  $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $+77^{\circ}\text{F}$ )



Solid state thermoelectric modules are a silent, compact, and reliable method of heat removal. Applications ranging from missile guidance systems to portable refrigerators, are only limited by the imagination of the designer. System simplicity assures ease of adapting to thermoelectric heat pumping. Thermoelectrics have no compressor or piping, eliminating compressor maintenance and coolant leakage. Modules can be converted from cooling to heating by a reversal of polarity of the power input.



## Series 930 Actual Performance Curves (in air)



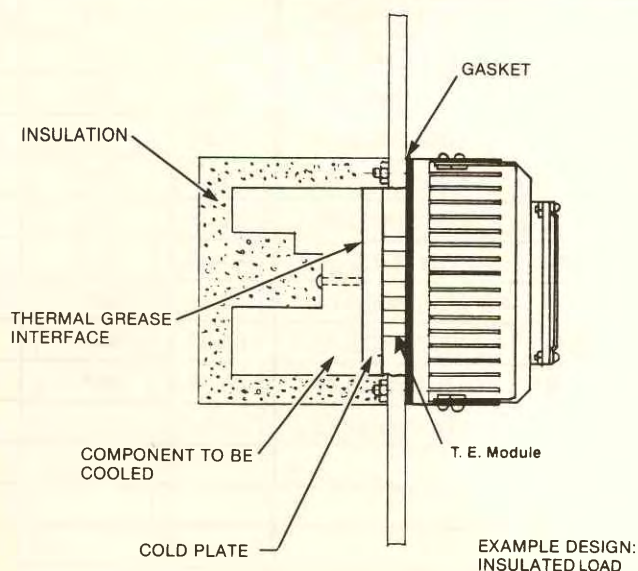
Temperature differentials are relative to  $27^\circ\text{C}$  ( $80^\circ\text{F}$  hot side temperature  $T_h$ ).  
**Note:** As hot side temperature rises to  $50^\circ\text{C}$  ( $122^\circ\text{F}$ ) temperature differential and load capacity will improve by approximately 10%. For improved efficiency and smaller heat sink dimensions the performance curves shown have been operated at 75% of the maximum rated current and voltage.

## 4 Easy Steps To Design Of ThermoElectrics

1. The designer must know three essential values; required cooling temperature of the load, ambient temperature and useful thermal load.
2. Determine actual requirements of TE module. Find the TE module cold side temperature ( $T_c$ ), hot side temperature ( $T_h$ ), and heat pumped by TE module ( $Q$ ). Note that a temperature difference ( $T_h - T_c$ ) in excess of  $50^\circ\text{C}$  generally requires a multi-stage design.
3. Select a TE module which operates in the current range you are willing to supply and supplies the heat pumping at the required temperature differential. (Single stage module specification chart, pg 46, 47)
4. With the module type, find module voltage and calculate electrical input power and hot side output to determine power supply and heat sink requirements.

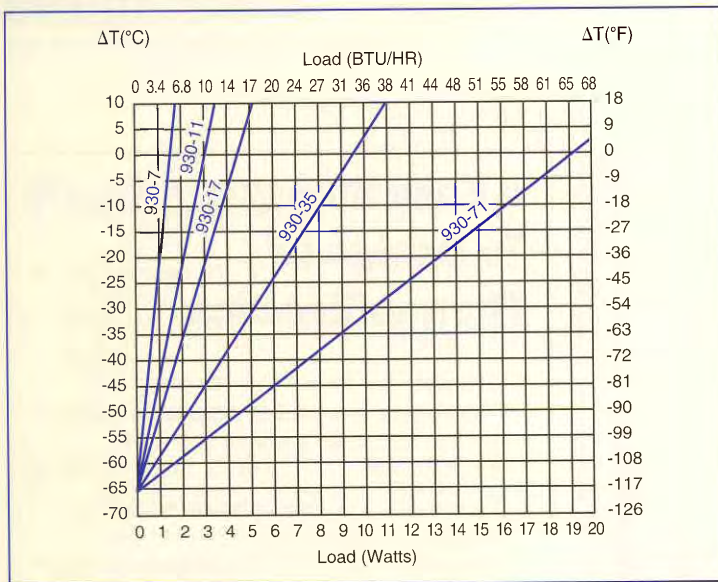
## Example

1. Assume the load temperature is  $+5^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+41^\circ\text{F}$ ) ambient air temperature is  $+25^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+77^\circ\text{F}$ ) and useful load is 4 watts (14 BTU/h).
2. In this practical case with well designed heat transfer and isolation, expect a  $5^\circ\text{C}$  temperature drop on the cold side to the load and a  $15^\circ\text{C}$  rise on the hot side to ambient with a forced convection heat exchanger. Leakage losses should not exceed 10% of the load. Thus, you have a  $0^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+32^\circ\text{F}$ ) cold side,  $+40^\circ\text{C}$  ( $+104^\circ\text{F}$ ) hot side and 4.4 watt (15 BTU/h) module load.
3. A single stage 930-35 module operating at  $T_h = 40^\circ\text{C}$  was found to provide 3.5 watts (12 BTU/h) of cooling. This unit is undersized. A 930-71 module operating at  $T_h = 40^\circ\text{C}$  provides 6 watts (20 BTU/h) cooling. This module has ample capacity. (See curve on left.)
4. Module voltage is 6 volts, current is 2.8 amps. The heat load of the hot side heat exchanger is 4.4 watts,  $+6 \text{ volts} \times 2.8 \text{ amps} = 21 \text{ watts}$ .

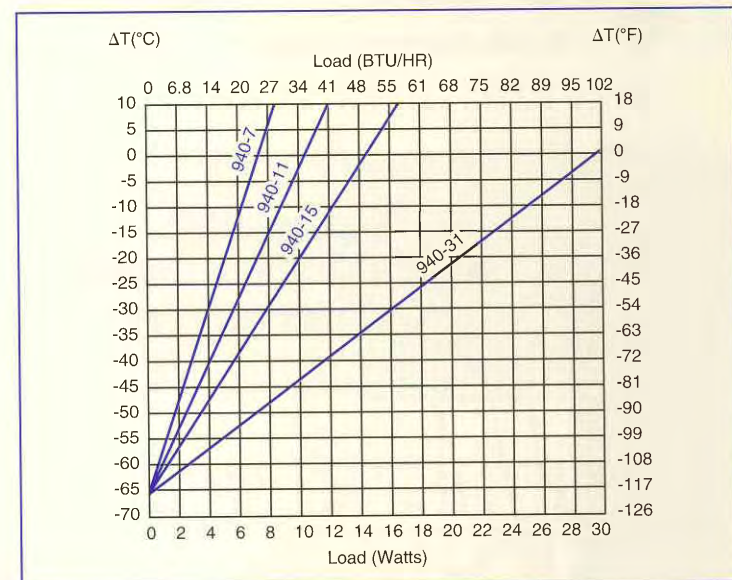




## 930 Series



## 940 Series



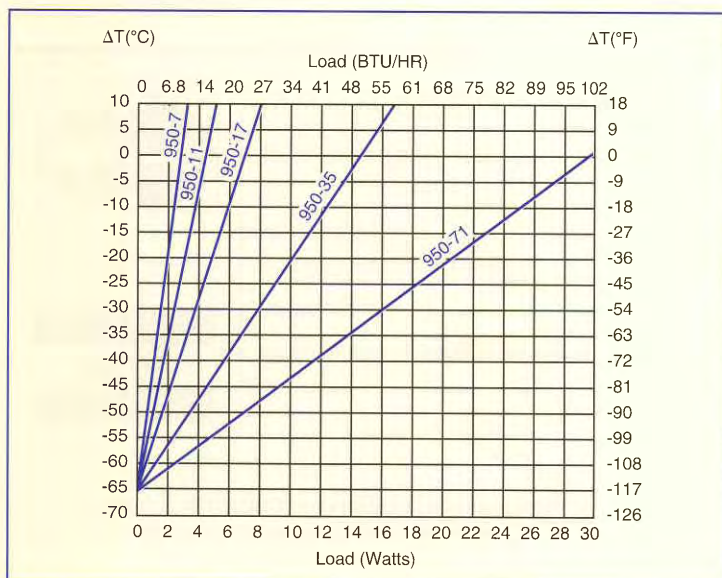
Temperature differentials relative to +27°C (80°F) hot side temperature (Th).

# Single Stage Module Specification Chart

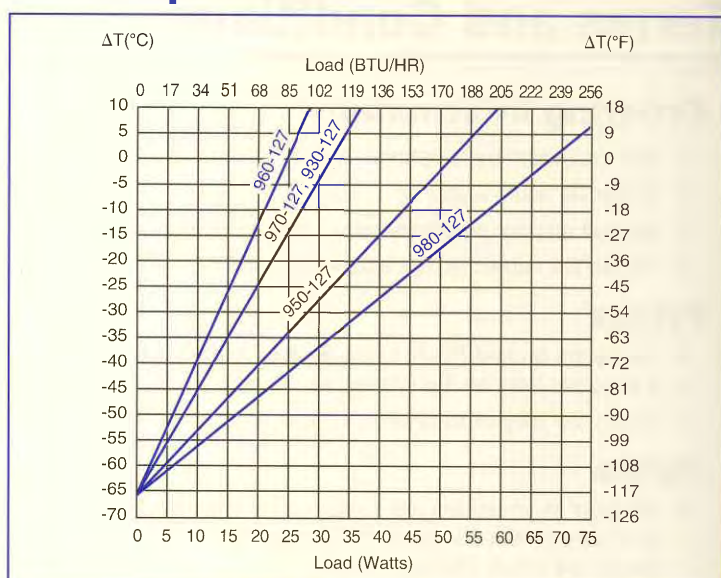
| Module<br>Series/<br>Couple | Performance              |                               |                            |                          |                               |                             |                          |                               |                             |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                             | Th=27°C                  |                               |                            | Th=35°C                  |                               |                             | Th=50°C                  |                               |                             |
|                             | MaxΔT<br>@Qc=0<br>(ΔT°C) | Max Qc<br>@ΔT=0<br>(Qc watts) | Equation<br>of<br>Line     | MaxΔT<br>@Qc=0<br>(ΔT°C) | Max Qc<br>@ΔT=0<br>(Qc watts) | Equation<br>of<br>Line      | MaxΔT<br>@Qc=0<br>(ΔT°C) | Max Qc<br>@ΔT=0<br>(Qc watts) | Equation<br>of<br>Line      |
| 930-7                       | 66                       | 1.8                           | $\Delta T = 36.7Q_c - 66$  | 73.6                     | 1.9                           | $\Delta T = 38.7Q_c - 73.6$ | 78.1                     | 2.0                           | $\Delta T = 39.1Q_c - 78.1$ |
| 930-11                      | 66                       | 2.9                           | $\Delta T = 22.76Q_c - 66$ | 73.6                     | 3.1                           | $\Delta T = 23.7Q_c - 73.6$ | 78.1                     | 3.2                           | $\Delta T = 24.4Q_c - 78.1$ |
| 930-17                      | 66                       | 4.5                           | $\Delta T = 14.67Q_c - 66$ | 73.6                     | 4.7                           | $\Delta T = 15.7Q_c - 73.6$ | 78.1                     | 5.0                           | $\Delta T = 15.6Q_c - 78.1$ |
| 930-35                      | 66                       | 9.4                           | $\Delta T = 7.02Q_c - 66$  | 73.6                     | 9.9                           | $\Delta T = 7.43Q_c - 73.6$ | 78.1                     | 10.4                          | $\Delta T = 7.51Q_c - 78.1$ |
| 930-71                      | 66                       | 19.0                          | $\Delta T = 3.7Q_c - 66$   | 73.6                     | 20.0                          | $\Delta T = 3.65Q_c - 73.6$ | 78.1                     | 21.0                          | $\Delta T = 3.68Q_c - 78.1$ |
| 940-7                       | 66                       | 6.8                           | $\Delta T = 9.70Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 7.0                           | $\Delta T = 10Q_c - 70$     | 75.4                     | 7.5                           | $\Delta T = 10.1Q_c - 75.4$ |
| 940-11                      | 66                       | 10.6                          | $\Delta T = 6.23Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 11.0                          | $\Delta T = 6.4Q_c - 70$    | 75.4                     | 11.7                          | $\Delta T = 6.4Q_c - 75.4$  |
| 940-15                      | 66                       | 14.5                          | $\Delta T = 4.55Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 15.0                          | $\Delta T = 4.67Q_c - 70$   | 75.4                     | 16.0                          | $\Delta T = 4.71Q_c - 75.4$ |
| 940-31                      | 66                       | 30.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.23Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 31.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.25Q_c - 70$   | 75.4                     | 33.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.27Q_c - 75.4$ |
| 950-7                       | 66                       | 3.0                           | $\Delta T = 22Q_c - 66$    | 70.0                     | 3.1                           | $\Delta T = 2.2Q_c - 70$    | 75.0                     | 3.3                           | $\Delta T = 2.2Q_c - 75.0$  |
| 950-11                      | 66                       | 4.6                           | $\Delta T = 14.35Q_c - 66$ | 70.0                     | 4.8                           | $\Delta T = 14.6Q_c - 70$   | 75.0                     | 5.1                           | $\Delta T = 14.7Q_c - 75.0$ |
| 950-17                      | 66                       | 7.2                           | $\Delta T = 9.17Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 7.4                           | $\Delta T = 9.46Q_c - 70$   | 75.0                     | 7.9                           | $\Delta T = 9.50Q_c - 75.0$ |
| 950-35                      | 66                       | 14.8                          | $\Delta T = 4.46Q_c - 66$  | 70.0                     | 15.3                          | $\Delta T = 4.58Q_c - 70$   | 75.0                     | 16.3                          | $\Delta T = 4.60Q_c - 75.0$ |
| 950-71                      | 66                       | 30.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.3Q_c - 66$   | 70.0                     | 31.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.26Q_c - 70$   | 75.0                     | 33.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.23Q_c - 75.0$ |
| 930-127                     | 70                       | 33.4                          | $\Delta T = 2.10Q_c - 70$  | 75.0                     | 38.1                          | $\Delta T = 1.97Q_c - 75$   | 80.0                     | 38.6                          | $\Delta T = 2.07Q_c - 80.0$ |
| 950-127                     | 66                       | 51.4                          | $\Delta T = 1.28Q_c - 66$  | 71.0                     | 54.4                          | $\Delta T = 1.30Q_c - 71$   | 74.4                     | 60.0                          | $\Delta T = 1.24Q_c - 74.4$ |
| 960-127                     | 66                       | 26.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.54Q_c - 66$  | 75.0                     | 29.4                          | $\Delta T = 2.55Q_c - 75$   | 80.0                     | 30.0                          | $\Delta T = 2.67Q_c - 80.0$ |
| 970-127                     | 66                       | 33.4                          | $\Delta T = 1.98Q_c - 66$  | 75.0                     | 37.8                          | $\Delta T = 1.98Q_c - 75$   | 80.0                     | 38.6                          | $\Delta T = 2.07Q_c - 80.0$ |
| 980-127                     | 65                       | 68.8                          | $\Delta T = .94Q_c - 65$   | 72.2                     | 83.2                          | $\Delta T = .87Q_c - 72.2$  | 77.2                     | 84.9                          | $\Delta T = .91Q_c - 77.2$  |
|                             |                          |                               |                            |                          |                               |                             |                          |                               |                             |
|                             |                          |                               |                            |                          |                               |                             |                          |                               |                             |
|                             |                          |                               |                            |                          |                               |                             |                          |                               |                             |
|                             |                          |                               |                            |                          |                               |                             |                          |                               |                             |



## 950 Series



## 127 Couple Modules



Temperature differentials relative to  $+27^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $80^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) hot side temperature ( $T_h$ ).

| Module<br>Series/<br>Couple | Electrical               |                              |                                       | Dimensions   |              |              |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                             | Max<br>Current<br>(amps) | Max<br>DC Voltage<br>(volts) | Nominal<br>Resistance<br>( $\Omega$ ) | A<br>in (cm) | B<br>in (cm) | C<br>in (cm) |
| 930-7                       | 3.7                      | 0.8                          | 0.22                                  | 0.38 (.965)  | 0.38 (.97)   | 0.19 (.48)   |
| 930-11                      | 3.7                      | 1.2                          | 0.32                                  | 0.38 (.965)  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.19 (.48)   |
| 930-17                      | 3.7                      | 1.9                          | 0.49                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.19 (.48)   |
| 930-35                      | 3.7                      | 3.9                          | 0.93                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 1.20 (3.05)  | 0.19 (.48)   |
| 930-71                      | 3.7                      | 8.0                          | 2.00                                  | 1.2 (3.05)   | 1.2 (3.05)   | 0.19 (.48)   |
| 940-7                       | 14.0                     | 0.8                          | 0.06                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.18 (.45)   |
| 940-11                      | 14.0                     | 1.2                          | 0.08                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.85 (2.16)  | 0.18 (.46)   |
| 940-15                      | 14.0                     | 1.7                          | 0.11                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 1.20 (3.05)  | 0.18 (.46)   |
| 940-31                      | 14.0                     | 3.5                          | 0.20                                  | 1.2 (3.05)   | 1.2 (3.05)   | 0.18 (.46)   |
| 950-7                       | 6.0                      | 0.8                          | 0.15                                  | 0.38 (.97)   | 0.38 (.97)   | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 950-11                      | 6.0                      | 1.2                          | 0.18                                  | 0.38 (.97)   | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 950-17                      | 6.0                      | 1.9                          | 0.29                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 950-35                      | 6.0                      | 3.9                          | 0.61                                  | 0.57 (1.46)  | 1.20 (3.05)  | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 950-71                      | 6.0                      | 8.0                          | 1.20                                  | 1.2 (3.05)   | 1.2 (3.05)   | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 930-127                     | 3.9                      | 15.4                         | 3.24                                  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 0.185 (.47)  |
| 950-127                     | 6.0                      | 15.4                         | 2.11                                  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 0.15 (.38)   |
| 960-127                     | 3.0                      | 15.4                         | 4.08                                  | 1.18 (3.00)  | 1.18 (3.00)  | 0.142 (.38)  |
| 970-127                     | 3.9                      | 15.4                         | 3.14                                  | 1.18 (3.00)  | 1.18 (3.00)  | 0.126 (.32)  |
| 980-127                     | 8.5                      | 15.4                         | 1.49                                  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 1.57 (3.99)  | 0.130 (.33)  |
|                             |                          |                              |                                       |              |              |              |
|                             |                          |                              |                                       |              |              |              |
|                             |                          |                              |                                       |              |              |              |
|                             |                          |                              |                                       |              |              |              |

Diagram illustrating the dimensions of a thermoelectric module. The top view shows dimensions A (width), B (height), and C (depth). The cross-section view shows the module mounted on a heat sink, with  $T_c$  indicating the cold side temperature and  $T_h$  indicating the hot side temperature.

**NOTE:** For improved efficiency and smaller heat sink dimensions, operate T.E. modules at 75% of the maximum rated current and voltage.

**For Equations:**  
 Max  $\Delta T$  = temperature differential ( $T_c - T_h$ ) ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  
 Max  $Q_c$  = heat pumped by module (watts)



# Terms and Conditions

## Ordering Information

- You may order by telephone, during business hours, or
- By fax 24 hours a day, or
- By mail on your purchase order form or company letterhead.
- Orders are subject to acceptance, depending upon quantity, price, availability of parts and other considerations.

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- Prices are quoted F.O.B. Chicago and do not include any sales or other taxes. Applicable taxes will be shown as a separate item on the invoice, as will charges for freight.
- Prices are subject to change without notice.

## Terms

- Terms of payment are net 30 days after shipment, subject to approved credit. New accounts must furnish necessary credit references. Until credit has been established, payment in full with order, C.O.D. or L.O.C. may be required. All published prices unless otherwise stated are F.O.B. Chicago, U.S.A.

## Same Day Shipment

- Upon request, we will ship the same day on approved, in stock orders received before noon, Chicago time.

## Cancellation, Schedule Changes

- A charge of 15% of net price will be assessed for cancellation of formally acknowledged orders. On special equipment and custom modified equipment orders, additional incremental cancellation charges may be made.
- Requests for schedule changes which defer delivery may be subject to price adjustments, or other charges.

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- All returned goods must be sent freight prepaid. A restocking charge of 15% will apply.

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### Guiding Values and Principles

*Quality is our top priority. Suppliers are a direct link and partner in the total quality team. Their contribution will be measured and controlled to ensure on time deliveries and first time acceptance.*

*We are "TEAM TECA." We recognize that our success depends upon the involvement and individual commitment and performance of each team member.*

*We will continue to focus our efforts on the people we serve and the products we produce, in order to ensure quality without sacrificing health, safety, and the environment we live in.*

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